

- The network supports both manual and fully automated execution of queries
- Data holders have full capability to use the network's querying tools to query their own data

Who can submit a query/data request?

Authorized requestors include NIH Collaboratory leadership, the data partners, and other individuals/organizations designated by NIH Collaboratory leadership. Requestors do not have to be experts in observational research or use of healthcare data to initiate a request. The NIH Collaboratory DRN CC helps requestors understand and use the network, assesses fit between requests and DRN capabilities, and suggests ways to maximize the usefulness of DRN data and resources. All requestors must adhere to the responsibilities and expectations outlined below.

Requestors are responsible for:

- Completing request forms
- Clearly describing the nature of the request and the intended use of the findings, including grant or other funding applications
- Responding to requests for clarification from the NIH Collaboratory DRN CC and the Electronic Health Records Core
- Obtaining necessary approvals by IRBs and HIPAA privacy boards
- Working with NIH Collaboratory DRN CC and Data Partners to execute necessary agreements/contracts

Requestors are expected to:

- Use results provided only for the stated and approved purpose. This may include a requirement to keep results confidential.
- Abide by any other limitations on use, issued by the Electronic Health Records Core, the NIH Collaboratory DRN CC, and/or the data partner providing and reporting data

How do I submit a query/data request?

The request process is as follows. Detailed information, including examples of requests, can be found in the DRN User's Guide.

1. The requestor completes the NIH Collaboratory DRN request form and sends it to the NIH Collaboratory DRN CC
2. The NIH Collaboratory DRN CC reviews the request, asks for any necessary clarification, determines best query mechanism, and determines whether the request is appropriate for the DRN
3. The NIH Collaboratory DRN CC works with requestor to develop the specific query to be distributed to the data partners and distributes the query to the data partners using the NIH DRN Query Tool
4. Each data partner determines whether or not to answer the request and whether or not an agreement with the requestor is needed
5. Data partners use their local datasets to obtain results
6. Data partners securely send results to the NIH Collaboratory DRN CC using the NIH Collaboratory DRN Query Tool
7. The NIH Collaboratory DRN CC reviews the results and submits the response to the requestor. Results are often aggregate counts, without confidential or proprietary data. The level of data sharing is determined, in advance, as part of the collaboration agreement, and all query responses can be reviewed by the data partner before they are released.

What datasets are available in the NIH Collaboratory Distributed Research Network?

Participating organizations, investigators, and existing research networks provide information about their data resources that they are willing to make available for collaboration, as well as information about their requirements for collaboration. The listing includes information about the type of data, its format, expectations for scientific involvement by the data holder, and other information.

Using the availability of a dataset does not imply that the data will be made available for a particular use.

Information about data for the following data partners is currently accessible via the NIH Collaboratory DRN. For more information please contact: support@popmednet.org

- Aetna: [Data description](#)
- Group Health Research Institute: [Data description](#)
- Harvard Pilgrim Health Care Institute: [Data description](#)
- HealthCore, Inc.: [Data description](#)
- HealthPartners Institute for Education and Research: [Data description](#)
- Humana: [Comprehensive Health Insights, Inc.: Data description](#)
- Meyers Primary Care Institute: [Data description](#)
- The MURDOCK Study: [Data description](#)
- OptumInsight, Inc.: [Data description](#)
- Cerner Health Systems: [Data description](#)

How can my organization/network become a data partner?

If you are interested in becoming a data partner, please contact the NIH Collaboratory DRN CC. There are no restrictions on the type of data or its format, including

- Clinical data warehouses
- Registry data
- Analysis files

All data models are acceptable, including the Mini-Sentinel and OHOP Common Data Models, the HMO Research Network's Virtual Data Warehouse, and i2b2.

What software platform does the network use?

The NIH Collaboratory DRN uses PopMedNet open source software that facilitates the creation, operation, and governance of distributed health data networks, and enables distributed analyses of electronic health data to support medical product safety, comparative effectiveness, quality, medical resource use, cost-effectiveness, and related studies. PopMedNet is used by several multi-site initiatives funded by agencies such as the FDA, AHRQ, and NIH. The software adheres to the standards for distributed querying promulgated by the OHC Query Health Initiative.

Some projects that use PopMedNet:

- FDA Mini-Sentinel
- CDC HDPHout
- AHRQ The Population-Based Effectiveness in Asthma and Lung Diseases (PEAL) Network
- AHRQ Scalable Partnering Network for Comparative Effectiveness Research: Across Lifespan, Conditions, and Settings (SPAN)
- NIH Cancer Research Network (CRN)

What are the confidentiality and nondisclosure rules for data partners and DRN Coordinating Center staff?

Rules related to the confidentiality of information disclosed in the course of data or other requests prohibit a data partner or Coordinating Center staff member from, among other actions:

- Sharing requests, request forms, or related materials with anyone who has not been designated by the DRN Coordinating Center to participate in the distributed request process
- Granting anyone who has not been designated by the DRN Coordinating Center to participate in the distributed request process access to the Collaboratory DRN portal using his or her password or credentials, or through shared communication
- Using information contained in a distributed request or request form for his or her personal benefit or making such information available for the personal benefit of any other individual or organization

Violation of these policies will result in removal as a partner in the NIH Collaboratory or other sanction as determined by the NIH Collaboratory's Steering Committee.

3/11/2016: Grand Rounds Presentation: Uses of the NIH Collaboratory Distributed Research Network (Video; Slides)

6/5/2015: Grand Rounds Presentation: NIH Collaboratory Distributed Research Network (Video; Slides)

11/14/2014: Grand Rounds Presentation: Using the NIH Collaboratory's and PCORnet's Distributed Data Networks for Clinical Trials and Observational Research: A Preview (Video; Slides)

8/19/2014: Electronic Health Records Core Presentation at Steering Committee Meeting

6/13/2014: Grand Rounds Presentation: The NIH Collaboratory Distributed Research Network: A Privacy Protecting Method for Sharing Research Data Sets (Video; Slides)

Supplementary Material

NIH Collaboratory Distributed Research Network: PopMedNet-i2b2 Integration Proof of Concept Report

PopMedNet-i2b2 Integration Proof of Concept Video

NIH Collaboratory Electronic Health Records Core website

Email Us

Admin Login | Member Site Login | About Us | Contact Us
Reference to this site and to any specific commercial products, services, manufacturers, or companies does not constitute an endorsement or recommendation by the U.S. Government or National Institutes of Health (NIH). NIH is not responsible for the contents of any "off-site" Web page referenced from this server.



2.4 Basic Stand Alone (BSA) Medicare Claims Public Use Files (PUFs)

1. 国名

アメリカ合衆国

2. 概要

メディケアの請求情報がまとめられたデータベース。

3. URL

<https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Statistics-Trends-and-Reports/BSAPUFS/index.html?redirect=/BSAPUFS/>

4. ホームページ

The screenshot shows the CMS.gov website page for Basic Stand Alone (BSA) Medicare Claims Public Use Files (PUFs). The page layout includes a top navigation bar with links for Home, About CMS, Newsroom, FAQs, Archive, Share, Help, and Print. Below this is a search bar and a main navigation menu with categories like Medicare, Medicaid/CHIP, Medicare-Medicaid Coordination, Private Insurance, Innovation Center, Regulations & Guidance, Research, Statistics, Data & Systems, and Outreach & Education. The breadcrumb trail reads: Home > Research, Statistics, Data and Systems > Basic Stand Alone (BSA) Medicare Claims Public Use Files (PUFs) > Basic Stand Alone (BSA) Medicare Claims Public Use Files (PUFs). The main content area features a sidebar menu with links to Research Briefs, BSA Inpatient Claims PUF, BSA DME Line Items PUF, BSA Prescription Drug Events PUF, BSA Hospice Beneficiary PUF, BSA Carrier Line Items PUF, BSA HHA Beneficiary PUF, BSA Outpatient Procedures PUF, BSA SNF Beneficiary PUF, Chronic Conditions PUF, Institutional Provider & Beneficiary Summary PUF, and Prescription Drug Profiles PUF. The main text area is titled 'Basic Stand Alone (BSA) Medicare Claims Public Use Files (PUFs)' and contains the following text: 'CMS is committed to increasing access to its Medicare claims data through the release of de-identified data files available for public use. These files are available to researchers as free downloads in CSV format. They contain non-identifiable claim-specific information and are within the public domain. Of paramount importance in the release of Public Use Files is the protection of beneficiary confidentiality. To that end all directly identifiable information has been removed. Moreover, other potentially identifying variables, which might cause identification by themselves or in combination with other variables, have either been removed from the files or their values re-coded. See the general documentation file for each claim type for specific information concerning de-identification and variable values. Each file has its own documentation describing file layout and variable values, as well as program code for creating SAS datasets. Click on the link in the left menu for the specific PUF to access documentation and download instructions. CMS does not anticipate updating these files. Note: Please read the CMS Data Disclaimer – User Agreement – Public Use Data, which contains important information regarding the use of the data. See the link in the "Downloads" section below.' Below the text is a 'Downloads' section with links to 'CMS Data Disclaimer - User Agreement - Public Use Data (PDF, 124KB)', '2010 Medicare Enrollment (PDF, 172KB)', and '2008 Medicare Enrollment and User Rates (PDF, 107KB)'. There is also a 'Related Links' section with links to 'Electronic Health Record Incentive Program-Eligible Professionals (EHRIP-EP) PUF', 'Limited Data Set (LDS) Files', 'Identifiable Data Files', and 'Medicare Fee for Service for Parts A & B'. At the bottom of the page, it says 'Page last Modified: 11/20/2015 2:55 PM' and 'Help with File Formats and Plug-Ins'. The footer contains the CMS.gov logo, the text 'A federal government website managed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21244', and a circular logo with a stylized eagle.

CMS & HHS Websites


[Medicare.gov](#)
[MyMedicare.gov](#)
[StopMedicareFraud.gov](#)
[Medicaid.gov](#)
[InsureKidsNow.gov](#)
[HealthCare.gov](#)
[HHS.gov/Open](#)

Tools

[Acronyms](#)
[Contacts](#)
[FAQs](#)
[Glossary](#)
[Archive](#)

Helpful Links

[Web Policies & Important Links](#)
[Privacy Policy](#)
[Plain Language](#)
[Freedom of Information Act](#)
[No Fear Act](#)
[Nondiscrimination/Accessibility](#)
[HHS.gov](#)
[Inspector General](#)
[USA.gov](#)
[Help with file formats & plug-ins](#)


Receive Email Updates

2.5 PharMetrics Integrated Database (IMS Rx Benchmark)

1. 国名

アメリカ合衆国

2. 概要

入院、外来を含めた患者の請求情報、診断、手技の内容について集約されたデータベース。

3. URL

<http://guides.lib.uw.edu/hsl/data/findclin>

4. ホームページ

The screenshot shows a webpage titled "Data Resources in the Health Sciences" from the University of Washington Health Sciences Library. The page features a navigation menu on the left with categories like "Overview", "Find Data", "Clinical Data", "Scientific Data", and "Defining Clinical Data Repositories". The main content area includes an "Introduction to Clinical Data" section, which defines clinical data and lists six major types: Electronic health records, Administrative data, Claims data, Disease registries, Health surveys, and Clinical trials data. Below this, there are sections for "Electronic Health Record" and "Administrative Data". The page also includes a search bar and a footer with contact information.

Claims Data

Claims data describe the billable interactions (insurance claims) between insured patients and the healthcare delivery system. Claims data falls into four general categories: inpatient, outpatient, pharmacy, and enrollment. The sources of claims data can be obtained from the government (e.g., Medicare) and/or commercial health firms (e.g., United HealthCare).

- **Basic Stand Alone (BSA) Medicare Claims Public Use Files (PUFs)**
This is the Basic Stand Alone (BSA) Public Use Files (PUF) for Medicare claims. This is a claim-level file in which each record is a claim incurred by a 5% sample of Medicare beneficiaries. Claims include inpatient/outpatient care, prescription drugs, DME, SNF, hospice, etc. There are some demographic and claim-related variables provided in every PUF.
- **Medical Statistical Information System**
MSIS is the basic source of state-submitted eligibility and claims data on the Medicaid population, their characteristics, utilization, and payments and is available by clicking on the link on the left-side column.
- **Pharmetrics Integrated Database (IMS Rx Benchmark)**
The Pharmetrics Integrated Database is the largest non-Payer owned integrated claims database of commercial insurers in the U.S. This de-identified, Integrated Database includes medical and pharmacy claims for more than 70 million members from more than 100 health plans across the U.S. The Integrated Database includes inpatient and outpatient claims, diagnoses and procedures based on ICD-9 and CPT-4 codes, as well as retail and mail order pharmacy claims.

Disease Registries

Disease registries are clinical information systems that track a narrow range of key data for certain chronic conditions. The most common conditions captured include cancer, diabetes, heart disease, and asthma. Registries often provide critical information for managing patient conditions.

- **Global Alzheimer's Association Interactive Network (GAAIN)**
The Global Alzheimer's Association Interactive Network (GAAIN) is a collaborative project that will provide researchers around the globe with access to a vast repository of Alzheimer's disease research data and the sophisticated analytical tools and computational power needed to work with that data.
- **National Cardiovascular Data Registry (NCDR)**
The NCDR® is the American College of Cardiology's worldwide suite of data registries helping hospitals and private practices measure and improve the quality of cardiovascular care they provide. The NCDR encompasses six hospital-based registries and one outpatient registry. There are currently more than 2,400 hospitals and nearly 1,600 outpatient providers participating in NCDR registries.
- **National Program of Cancer Registries**
CDC provides support for states and territories to maintain registries that provide high-quality data. Data collected by local cancer registries enable public health professionals to understand and address the cancer burden more effectively.
- **National Trauma Data Bank**
The National Trauma Data Bank® (NTDB) is the largest aggregation of trauma registry data ever assembled. The goal of the NTDB is to inform the medical community, the public, and decision makers about a wide variety of issues that characterize the current state of care for injured persons.
- **Surveillance, Prevention, and Management of Diabetes Mellitus DataLink (SUPREME DM)**

Health Surveys

In order to provide an accurate evaluation of the population health, national surveys of the most common chronic conditions are generally conducted to provide prevalence estimates. National surveys are one of the few types of data collected specifically for research purposes, thus making it more widely accessible.

- **Medicare Current Beneficiary Survey**
The Medicare Current Beneficiary Survey (MCBS) is a continuous, multipurpose survey of a nationally representative sample of the Medicare population. The central goals of MCBS are to determine expenditures and sources of payment for all services used by Medicare beneficiaries.
- **National Health & Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES)**
The National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) is a program of studies designed to assess the health and nutritional status of adults and children in the United States. The survey is unique in that it combines interviews and physical examinations.
- **National Long Term Care Survey**
The National Long Term Care Survey is funded through a Cooperative Agreement between the National Institute on Aging (NIA) and Duke University. It is a longitudinal survey designed to study changes in the health and functional status of older Americans (aged 65+). It also tracks health expenditures, Medicare service use, and the availability of personal, family, and community resources for caregiving.
- **National Medical Expenditure Survey**
The Medical Expenditure Panel Survey (MEPS) is a set of large-scale surveys of families and individuals, their medical providers, and employers across the United States. MEPS is the most complete source of data on the cost and use of health care and health insurance coverage.
- **National Center for Health Statistics**
A rich source of health data and statistics on a variety of topics.
- **CHS Data Navigator**
Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services - Research, Statistics, Data & Systems
- **National Health and Aging Trends Study (NHATS)**
NHATS is a study of Medicare beneficiaries age 65 years and older. The study is being conducted by the Johns Hopkins University Bloomberg School of Public Health, with data collection by Westat, and support from the National Institute on Aging. NHATS is intended to foster research that will guide efforts to reduce disability, maximize health and independent functioning, and enhance quality of life at older ages.

Clinical Trial Databases

- **ClinicalTrials.gov**
 - Registry and results database hosted by the NIH.
 - Information on publicly and privately supported clinical studies from around the world.
- **Current Controlled Trials**
 - Registry of randomized controlled trials.
 - Can search by ISRCTN.
- **European Union Clinical Trials Database**
 - Protocol and results information on interventional clinical trials conducted in the EU from May 1, 2004 onwards.
 - Good source of pediatric drug development trials.
- **JPMA Clinical Trials Portal (Pharmaceutical Manufacturers & Associations)**
 - Search portal for ongoing trials and trial results from ClinicalTrials.gov, Current Controlled Trials, Japan Pharmaceutical Information Center, and member company corporate websites.
 - Best single place to search for pharmaceutical company sponsored clinical trials.

- WHO International Clinical Trials Registry Platform
 - Access to data provided by clinical trial registries around the world that meet WHO criteria for content and quality.
- Immune Tolerance Network TrialShare
 - Clinical and mechanistic assay data from 35 clinical trials.
 - Thousands of biological specimens from clinically well-phenotyped study participants.
- Drug Delivery Clinical Trials Database
 - Tool for identifying active clinical trials studying drug delivery platforms, formulations, and PK/PD interactions.

Clinical Research Datasets

Clinical research data may be available through national or discipline-specific organizations. Level of access is likely restricted but available through proper channels.

Proprietary research data may also be available through individual agreements with private companies.

- Biologic Specimen and Data Repository Information Coordinating Center (NHLBI)
 - Listing of studies with resources available for searching and request via BiOLINCC.
- Biomedical Translational Research Information System (BTRIS)
 - Research data available to the NIH intramural community only.
- Clinical Data Study Request
 - Clinical trials data. Partners include Pharmaceutical companies.
- NIMH Clinical Trials - Limited Access Datasets
 - Requirements for access at the bottom of the page.
- YODA (Yale Open Data Access)
 - Access to participant-level clinical research data and/or comprehensive reports of clinical research. Partners include Medtronic and Johnson & Johnson.

Last Updated: Mar 6, 2016 10:41 AM | URL: <http://guides.lib.washington.edu/clinicaldata/> | [Print Page](#)

Subjects: [Browse All Libguides](#), [How To](#), [Information Management Tools](#), [Specialty Topics](#) | Tags: [data management](#), [data services](#), [datasets](#), [intellectual property](#), [metadata](#), [nih](#), [ontologies](#), [osp](#), [raw data](#), [repositories](#), [visualization](#)

[Login to LibApps](#)
[Report a problem](#)

Health Sciences Library
1959 NE Pacific Street
7264 Health Sciences Building
Box 357155, Seattle, WA 98195-7155 USA
phone: 206-543-3390

2.6 全民健康保險研究資料庫 (National Health Insurance Research Database)

1. 国名

台湾

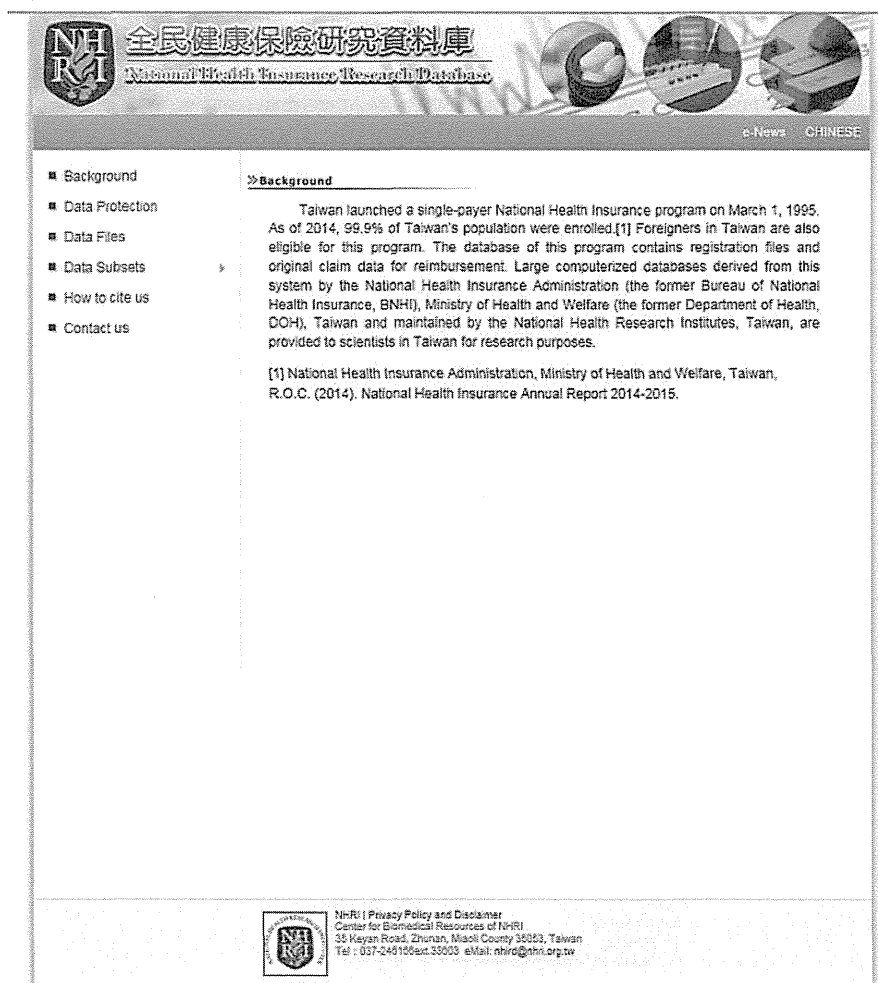
2. 概要

診療報酬支払いのためのレセプトデータ等を、国民医療保険局(Bureau of National Health Insurance: BNHI)が収集しデータベースを構築しており、その管理を国家健康調査機構(National Health Research Institutes :NHRI)が行っている。

3. URL

<http://nhird.nhri.org.tw/en/>

4. ホームページ



NHRI 全民健康保險研究資料庫
National Health Insurance Research Database

c-News CHINESE

- Background
- Data Protection
- Data Files
- Data Subsets
- How to cite us
- Contact us

» **Background**

Taiwan launched a single-payer National Health Insurance program on March 1, 1995. As of 2014, 99.9% of Taiwan's population were enrolled.[1] Foreigners in Taiwan are also eligible for this program. The database of this program contains registration files and original claim data for reimbursement. Large computerized databases derived from this system by the National Health Insurance Administration (the former Bureau of National Health Insurance, BNHI), Ministry of Health and Welfare (the former Department of Health, DOH), Taiwan and maintained by the National Health Research Institutes, Taiwan, are provided to scientists in Taiwan for research purposes.

[1] National Health Insurance Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare, Taiwan, R.O.C. (2014). National Health Insurance Annual Report 2014-2015.

NHRI | Privacy Policy and Disclaimer
Center for Biomedical Resources of NHRI
36 Keuan Road, Zhunan, Miaoli County 39223, Taiwan
Tel : 037-249100ext.33003 eMail: nhri@nhri.org.tw

2.7 The National Prescription Drug Utilization Information System (NPDUIS) Database

1. 国名

カナダ

2. 概要

カナダの publicly financed drug benefit programs より集められたレセプトレベルの処方データベース。

3. URL

<https://www.cihi.ca/en/types-of-care/pharmaceutical-care-and-utilization/national-prescription-drug-utilization-information>

4. ホームページ

The screenshot shows the CIHI website's navigation menu and the NPDUIS Metadata page. The page title is "National Prescription Drug Utilization Information System (NPDUIS) Metadata". The main content area is titled "Overview" and contains the following text:

The National Prescription Drug Utilization Information System (NPDUIS) Database contains prescription claims-level data collected from publicly financed drug benefit programs in Canada. The database also contains supporting information for additional context:

- Formulary and drug product information; and
- Information on policies of public drug plans in Canada.

Find out more about [pharmaceutical care and utilization](#), including reports and analyses based on NPDUIS Database data and about our work on [problematic prescription drug use](#).

Data Source

The NPDUIS Database contains claims data for public programs from nine Canadian provinces. It also contains formulary information from ten provinces/territories and one federal drug program.

Claims data is collected from

- Newfoundland and Labrador
- Prince Edward Island
- Nova Scotia
- New Brunswick
- Ontario
- Manitoba
- Saskatchewan
- Alberta
- British Columbia

Formulary data is collected from

- Newfoundland and Labrador
- Prince Edward Island
- Nova Scotia
- New Brunswick
- Ontario
- Manitoba
- Saskatchewan
- Alberta
- British Columbia
- Yukon Territory
- First Nations and Inuit Health Branch

Data Coverage

The NPDUIS Database includes the following data:

- **Claims data** is cost and payment information on prescribed drugs accepted by public drug programs for a deductible or payment. This information helps measure and analyze the pattern of drug use in Canada.
- **Formulary data** identifies how drugs are included in public drug programs in Canada.
- **Drug product data** identifies drug products in a standardized format.
- **Plan information** outlines administrative policies of public drug plans/programs that contribute to differences in drug utilization patterns across the country. For more information, see the [NPDUIS Plan Information Document](#).

Data Availability

Claims data from the NPDUIS Database is available for up to 12 months from the current month.

Availability of historical claims data varies by jurisdiction.

Claims data up to 2014–2015 is available; 2015–2016 data will be available in June 2016.

Claims Data (earliest date available):

- Newfoundland and Labrador (April 2008)
- Prince Edward Island (April 2004)
- Nova Scotia (April 2001)
- New Brunswick (January 2000)
- Ontario (April 2010)
- Manitoba (January 2000)
- Saskatchewan (January 2000)
- Alberta (January 2000)
- British Columbia (January 2006)

The most current formulary data from NPDUIS is maintained.

Formulary Data (earliest date available):

- Newfoundland and Labrador (January 2004)
- Prince Edward Island (June 2000)
- Nova Scotia (March 2004)
- New Brunswick (September 2004)
- Ontario (January 2003)
- Manitoba (September 2006)
- Saskatchewan (January 2001)
- Alberta (May 1991)
- British Columbia (January 1993)
- Yukon Territory (August 2014)
- First Nations and Inuit Health Branch (May 2005)

For data requests, please complete and submit the online data inquiry form: [Data Request](#).

Classification

Claims data is collected in a standardized format based on the Canadian Pharmacist Association's pharmacy claim standard.

Drugs are identified using Health Canada's Drug Identification Number. They are classified based on the World Health Organization's Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical Classification System as assigned by Health Canada.

Data Elements

The NPDUIS Database captures the following information, where available:

- Unique client identifier
- Client age
- Client gender
- Unique pharmacy identifier
- Pharmacy postal code
- Pharmacy province
- Unique prescriber identifier
- Prescriber specialty code (limited)
- Prescriber postal code
- Prescriber province
- Drug cost data elements related to ingredient, markup and professional fee
- Plan/program paid amounts

Formulary data identifies how drugs are covered under public drug programs.

More detailed information on the NPDUIS data elements can be found in the [NPDUIS Data Dictionary](#).

Data Quality

CIHI ensures that the quality of information in our data holdings is suited to its intended uses and that data users are provided with accurate information about data quality. Read more about our [Data Quality Enhancement Program](#).

For specific information regarding the quality of data collected by the NPDUIS Database, please contact CIHI at drugs@cihi.ca.

About CIHI

[Careers](#)
[Corporate Strategies](#)
[Governance and Accountability](#)
[Quality](#)
[Privacy and Security](#)
[Vision and Mandate](#)

Site Navigation

[Accessibility](#)
[Web Site User Privacy Policy](#)
[Site Map](#)
[Applications](#)
[Products](#)
[Help](#)

Contact CIHI

[Contact Us](#)
[eQuery](#)
[Media: media@cihi.ca](mailto:media@cihi.ca)
[Client Support: help@cihi.ca](mailto:Client_Support@cihi.ca)

Stay Connected

[Send us a Newsletter!](#)
[Facebook](#)
[Twitter](#)
[Pinterest](#)
[YouTube](#)
[RSS](#)

[Terms of Use](#) © CIHI 1996 - 2016

2.8 DBC (Dutch: DiagnoseBehandel Combinatie) information system database

1. 国名

オランダ

2. 概要

オランダの病院において DBC システムによって償還された入院患者情報や入院時の診療行為情報が集約されたデータベース (ただし、退院や死亡などの転帰に係る情報は含まれていない)。

