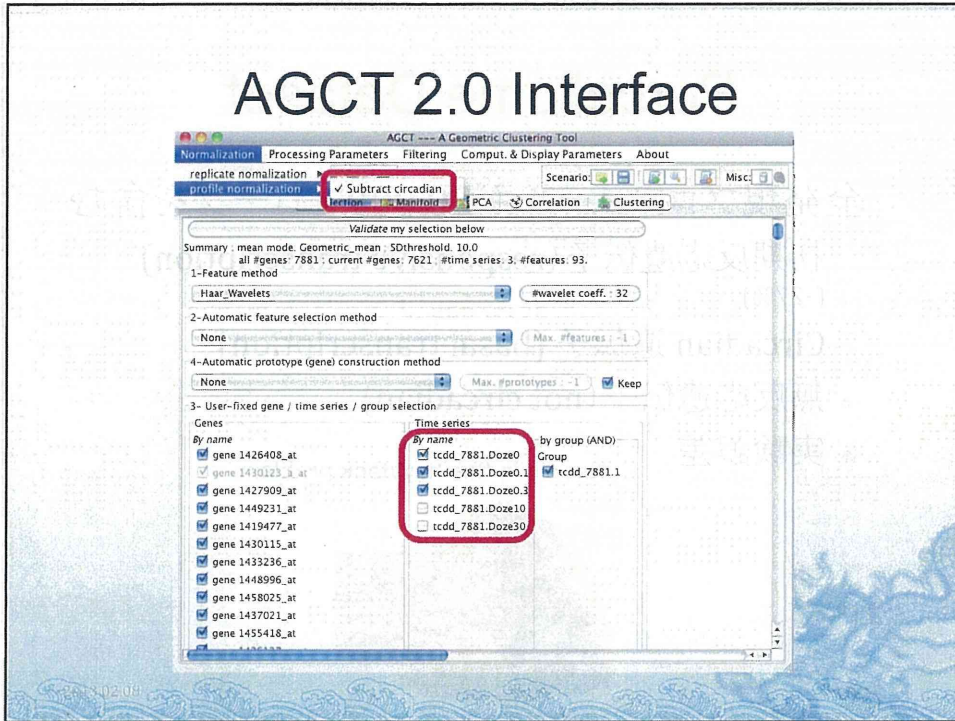
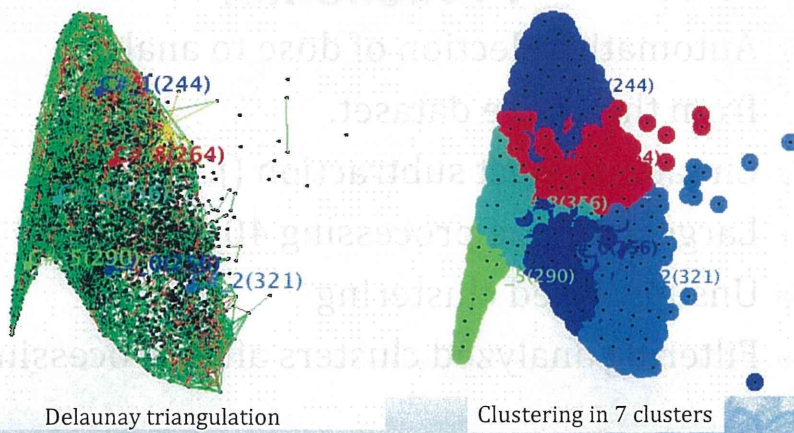


# AGCT 2.0 Interface



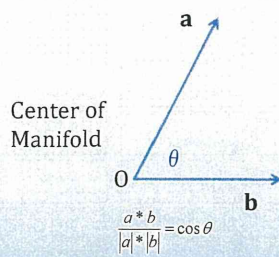
# Spectral manifold representation



# Delaunay triangulation

To evaluate if the obtained graph is reasonable or not, we defined a measure used to filter out any Delaunay edges between two genes  $g$  and  $g'$  for which:

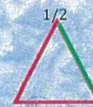
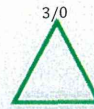
$$\cos^{-1}(\mathbf{x}_g, \mathbf{x}_{g'}) \in [\pi \times p/2, \pi \times (1 - p/2)] \pmod{\pi} . \quad (2)$$



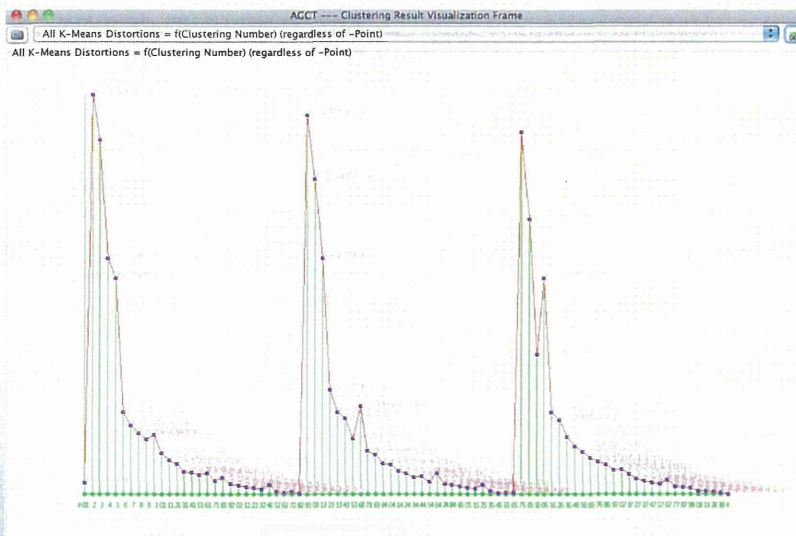
Cells (triangles) and genes are in bijection, each cell representing the volume composed of all points closer to the gene than to any other gene. In the computed structure local consistency is tested.

if  $\theta > \frac{\pi}{2}$  ———

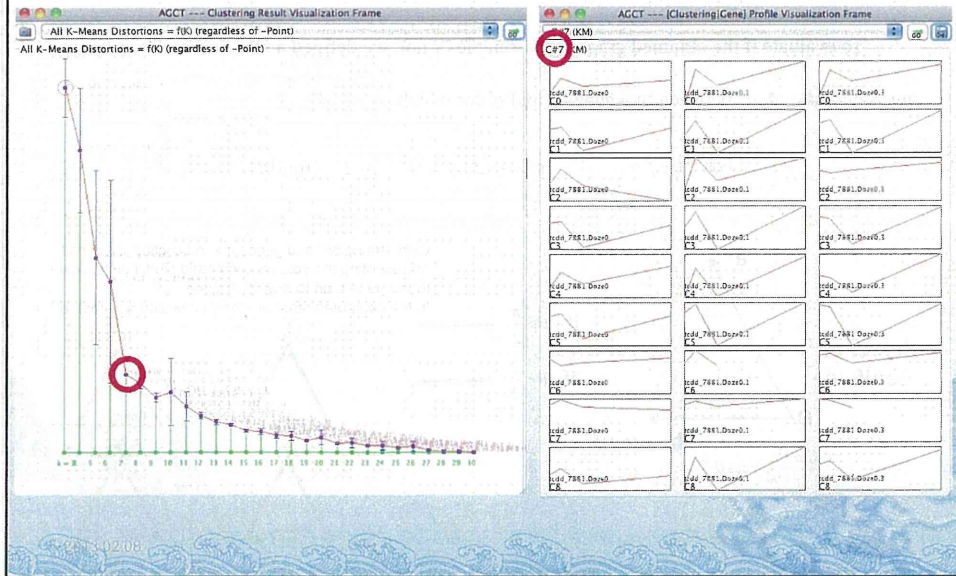
if  $\theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$  ———



# Run k-means with $k \{3..30\}$



Select the best  $k$  which gives the smallest standard deviation in different runs



Save gene cluster information

**Export Entity list**  
Export the entity list with associated data and annotations as a plain text file. Choose an interpretation to export normalized and/or raw signals from the experiment.

**Select Data Columns**

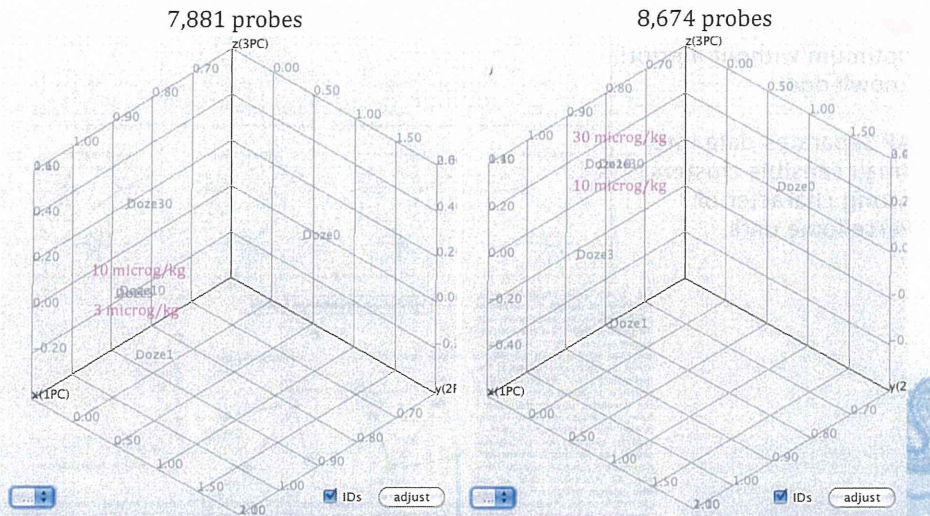
- Raw signal values
- Normalized signal values
- Flags
- Entitylist data

**Select Annotation Columns**

Available Items	Selected Items
SPOT_ID	Gene Title
Species Scientific Na...	Gene Symbol
Annotation Date	RefSeq Transcript ID
Sequence Type	Gene Ontology Bio...
Sequence Source	Gene Ontology Cellu...
Target Description	Gene Ontology Mole...
Representative Publ...	
ENTREZ_GENE_ID	

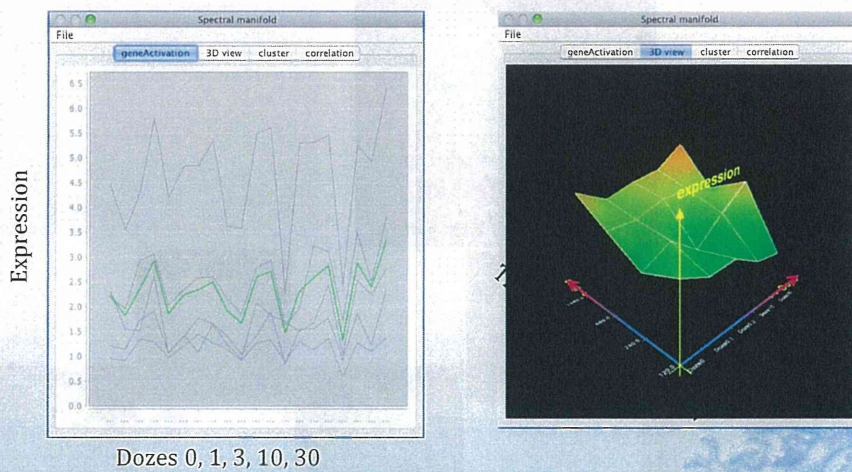
save genelist

## TCDD and TCDF: PCA on 5 doses



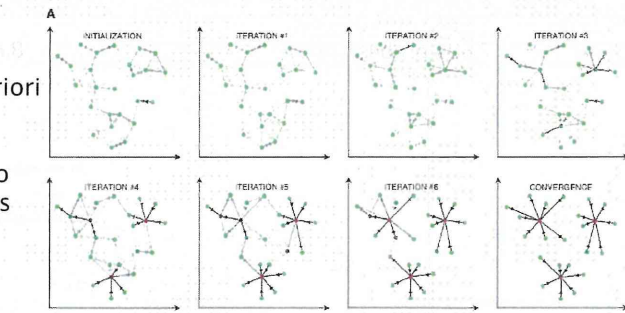
Toxicity equivalency factor (TEF) should be < 10, about 3 basing on this analysis.

## 2D and 3D visualization of clusters



# Affinity propagation (AP)

- AP calculates global optimum without a priori knowledge.
- AP Separates data into small sensible clusters fitting character of Percellome data.



**Fig. 1.** How affinity propagation works. (A) Affinity propagation is illustrated for two-dimensional data points, where negative Euclidean distance (squared error) was used to measure similarity. Each point is colored according to the current evidence that it is a cluster center (exemplar). The darkness of the arrow directed from point  $i$  to point  $k$  corresponds to the strength of the transmitted message that point  $i$  belongs to exemplar point  $k$ . (B) "Responsibilities"  $r(i,k)$  are sent from data points to candidate exemplars and indicate how strongly each data point favors the candidate exemplar over other candidate exemplars. (C) "Availabilities"  $a(i,k)$  are sent from candidate exemplars to data points and indicate to what degree each candidate exemplar is available as a cluster center for the data point. (D) The effect of the value of the input preference (common for all data points) on the number of identified exemplars (number of clusters) is shown. The value that was used in (A) is also shown, which was computed from the median of the pairwise similarities.

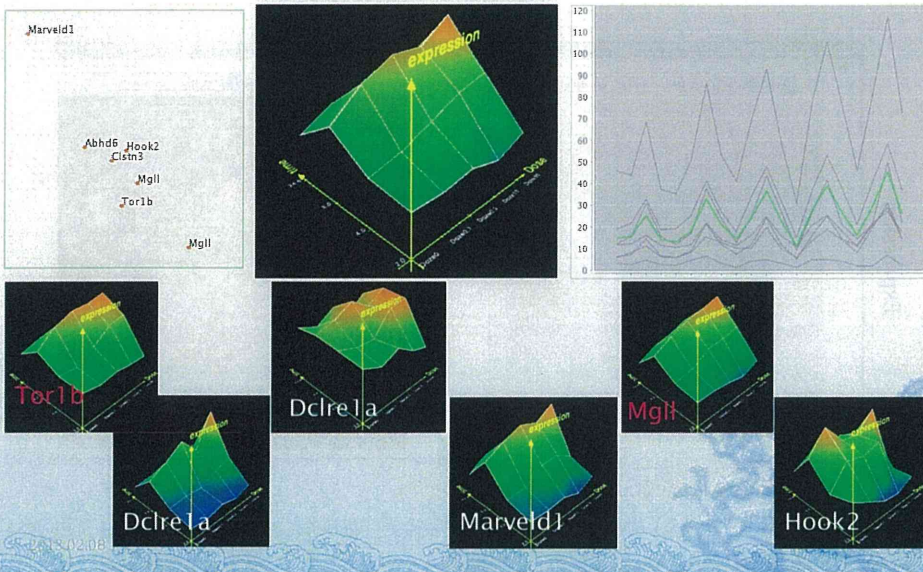
## Cluster examples

Results on TCDD : 3117 probes in 498/1661 clusters

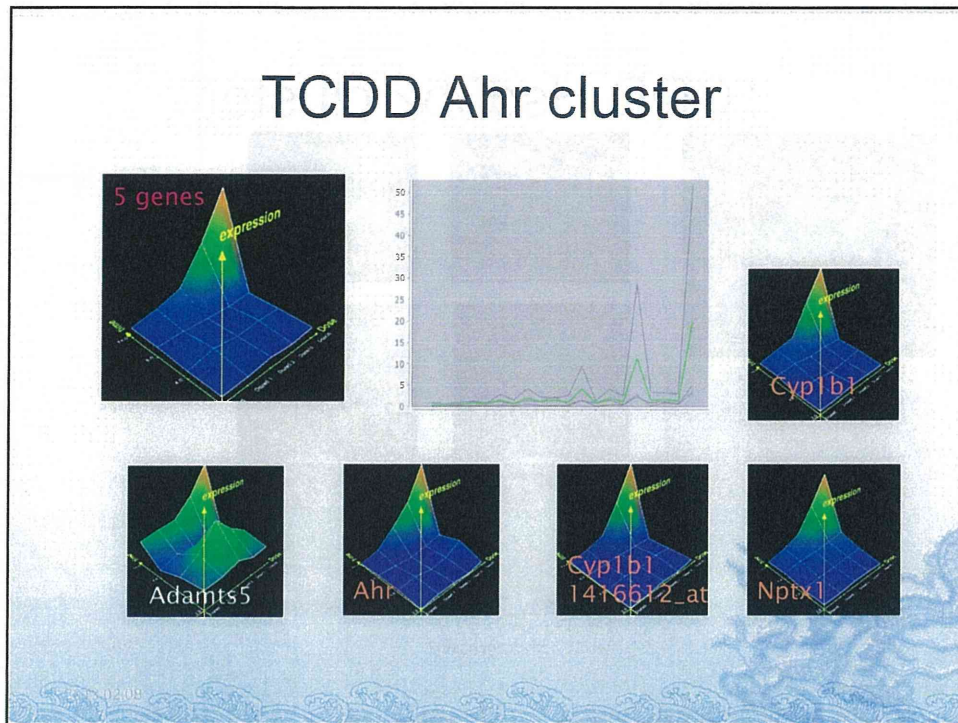
Manifold view

3D view (average profile)

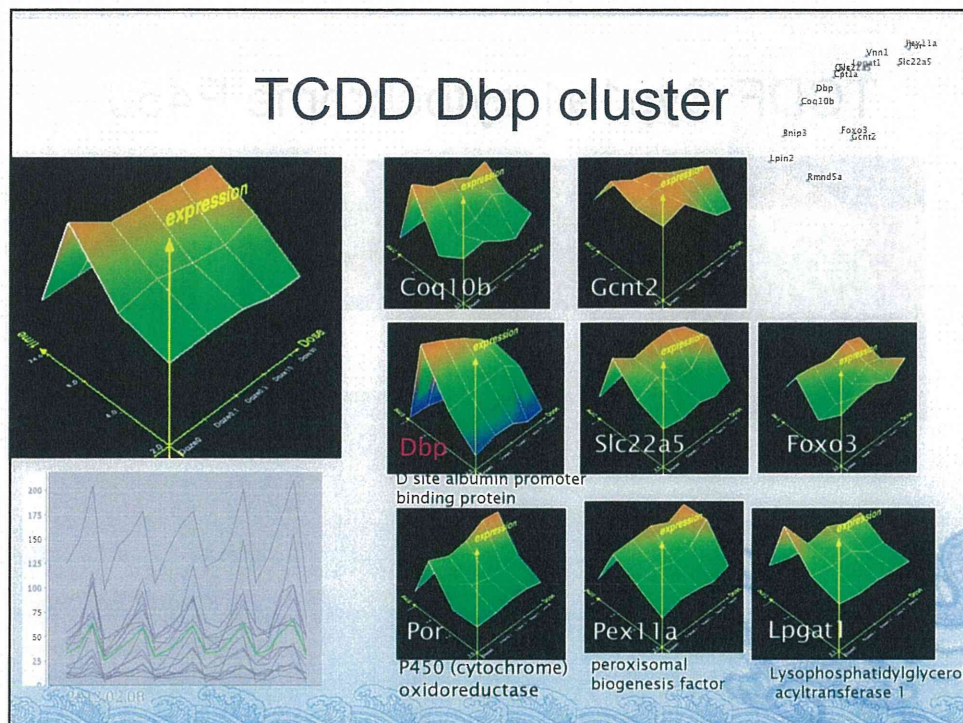
2D view

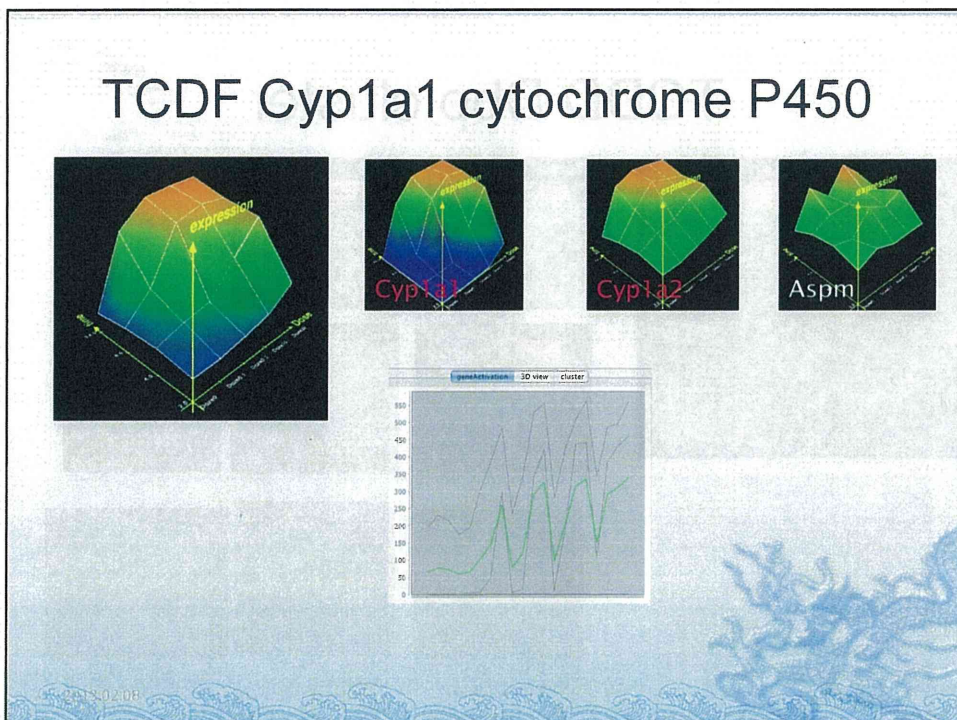
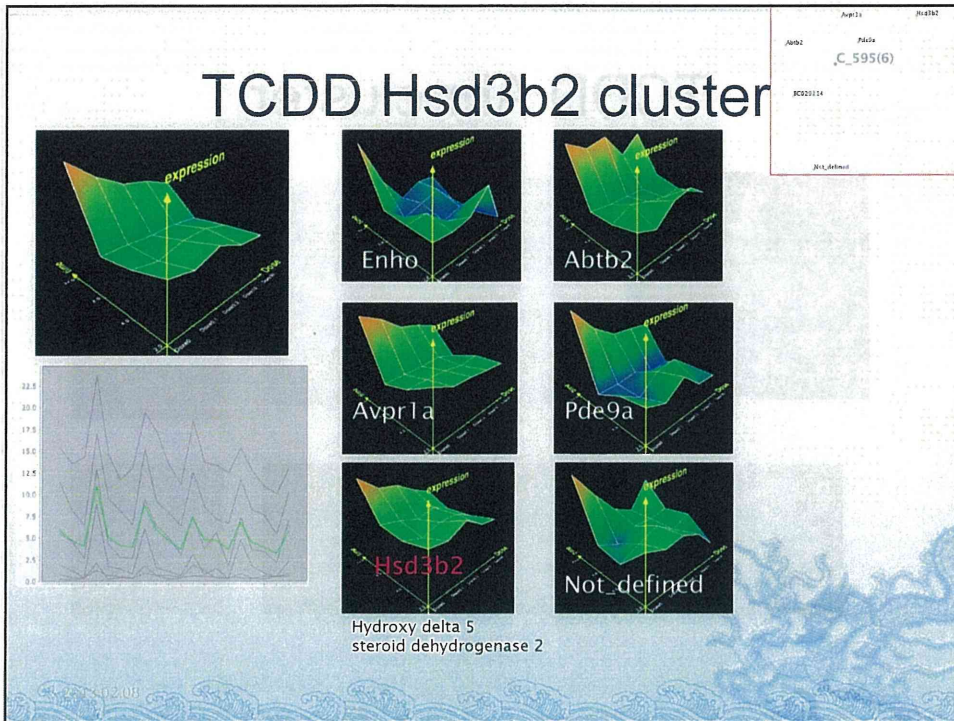


## TCDD Ahr cluster

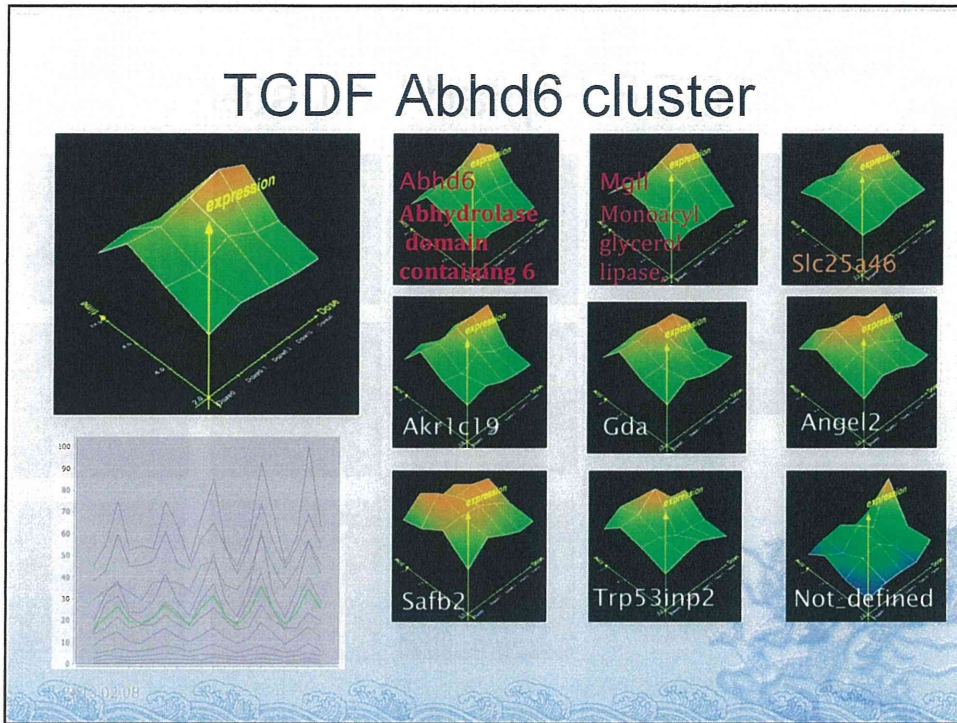


## TCDD Dbp cluster

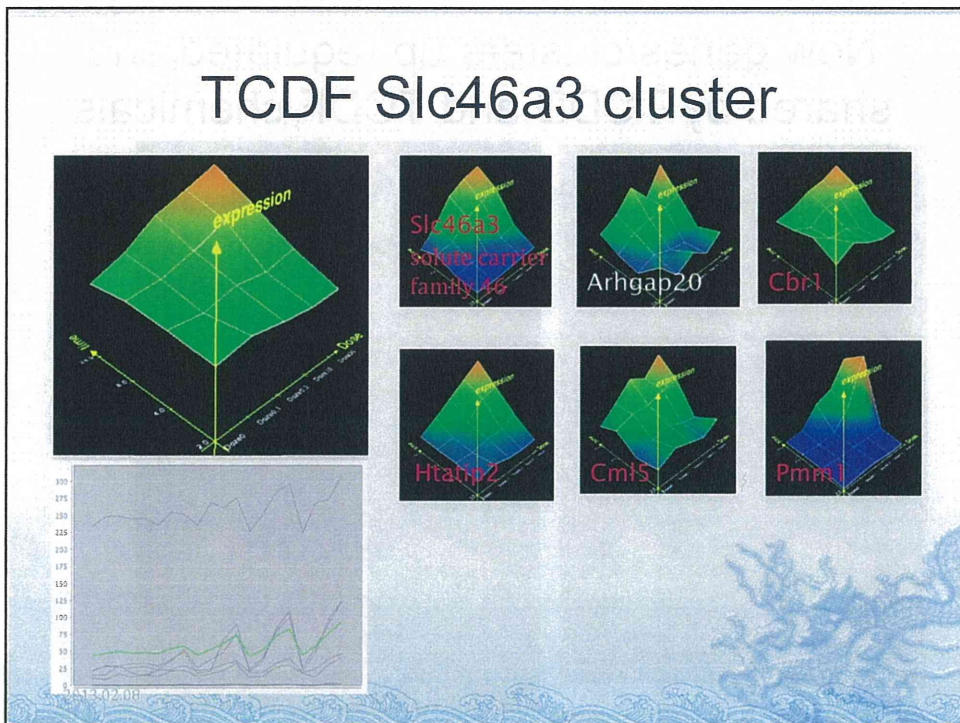




## TCDF Abhd6 cluster

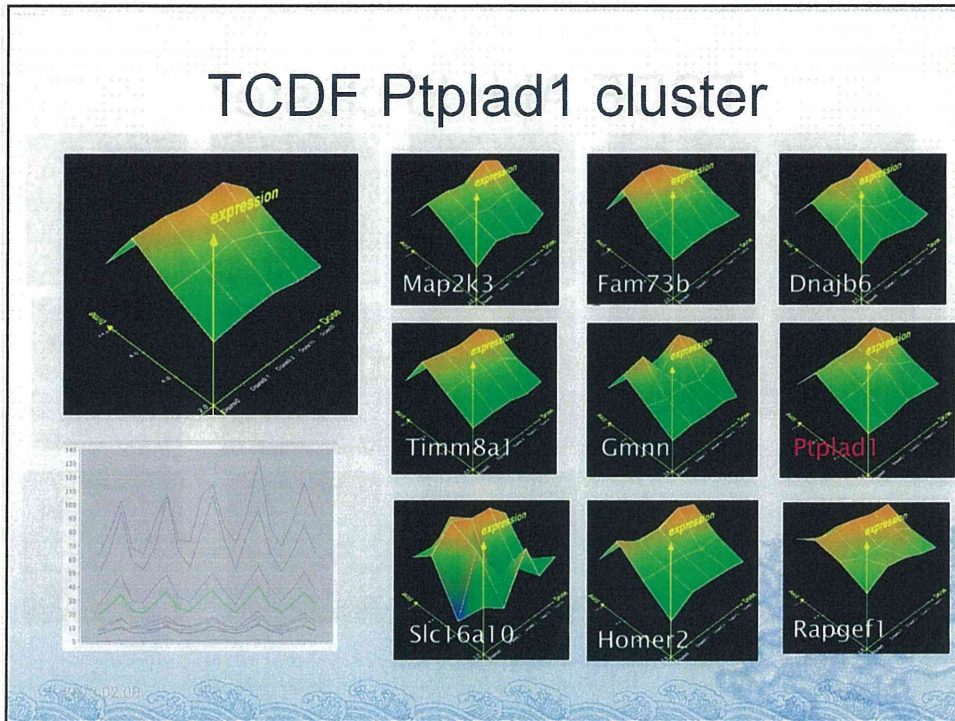


## TCDF Slc46a3 cluster



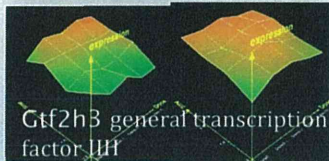
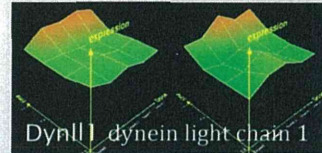
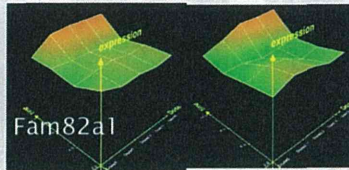
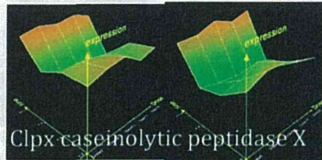


## TCDF Ptplad1 cluster



## New genes/clusters up regulated and shared by TCDD and TCDF chemicals

609 probes



2013.02.08

## TCDF Ahr cluster

