phencyclidine-treated mice via its sigma-l agonistic activity (Hashimoto et al., 2007). Therefore, one of the possible explanations for the improvement of cognitive impairments in the present case may be the sigma-l agonism of fluvoxamine, rather than the antidepressant effects of serotonin reuptake inhibition, although there are still many other possibilities as well, including modulation of the GABA system (Chertkow et al., 2006). Nonetheless, our results suggest that sigma-l receptor agonists, including fluvoxamine, may be one of the candidates for treating cognitive impairments in schizophrenia.

4. Conclusion

We reported here a female case of schizophrenia with cognitive impairments. The cognitive impairments were dramatically improved with adjunctive treatment of fluvoxamine added to risperidone, possibly due to the potent sigma-1 receptor agonism of fluvoxamine.

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