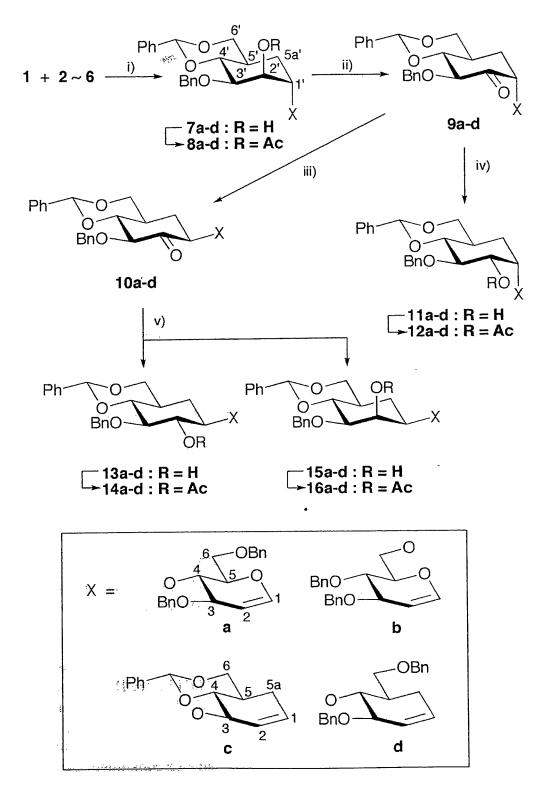
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Scheme 1: Transformation of the coupled 7a-d into 5a'-carbadisaccharide derivatives 11a-d, 13a-d, and 15a-d: reagents and conditions: i) NaH, DMF, 15-crown-5 ether; 1 (1.5 molar equiv), acceptors  $2\sim 5$ ,  $60^{\circ}$ C ( $\rightarrow 7a-d$ ); Ac<sub>2</sub>O, pyridine, ( $\rightarrow 8a-d$ ); ii) NaOMe, MeOH; Ac<sub>2</sub>O, DMSO,  $25^{\circ}$ C; iii) DBU (1.5 molar equiv), toluene,  $60^{\circ}$ C; iv) NaBH<sub>4</sub>, THF,  $0^{\circ}$ C; v) CeCl<sub>3</sub>.  $7H_2$ O, MeOH,  $0^{\circ}$ C; NaBH<sub>4</sub>,  $0^{\circ}$ C.

 $J = \sim 3.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , respectively. The alcohol **7a** was then oxidized with acetic anhydride in DMSO at 25°C, giving the 2-keto derivative **9a** (88%). Epimerization of **9a** ( $\rightarrow$  **10a**) was carried out under the influence of DBU (1.5 molar equiv) in toluene at 60°C. The equilibrium mixture of products was readily separated on a silica gel column to give the anomer **10a** (37%), together with **9a** (54%). Reduction of **9a** with NaBH<sub>4</sub> in THF at 0°C produced the equatorial alcohol **11a** (43%), together with **7a** (28%). Compound **11a** was then converted into the *O*-acetyl derivative **12a** (95%), the  $\alpha$ -gluco configuration of which was assigned by its <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum: a doublet of double doublets was present at  $\delta$  4.32 for H-1′ with J = 2.0, 3.5, and 3.5 Hz.

On the other hand, treatment of **10a** with cerium(III) chloride heptahydrate in methanol, followed by reduction with sodium borohydride at 0°C, gave, after separation on a silica gel column, the  $\beta$ -gluco and  $\beta$ -manno-carbadisaccharides **13a** (73%) and **15a** (22%), which were further characterized as the acetates **14a** and **16a**, respectively. Their assigned structures were confirmed on the basis of <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra: doublets of doublets appeared at  $\delta$  5.00 and 5.64 for H-2' with  $J = \sim 9.5$  and  $\sim 3.0$  Hz, respectively.

Secondly, the 6-O-unprotected D-glucal (3) was allowed to couple with the epoxide 1 under similar conditions, affording a condensate 7b (56%), in 91% yield based on 3 consumed, which was also converted into the acetate 8b. The proposed structures were confirmed similarly on the basis of the  $^{1}$ H NMR spectra. Oxidation of 7b with acetic anhydride in DMSO gave the ketone 9b (94%), which underwent epimerization with DBU to afford an approximately 1:1 mixture of products. This was fractionated by silica gel chromatography to afford 9b (44%) and the anomer 10b (41%). A similar reduction of 10b with NaBH<sub>4</sub> gave the  $\beta$ -gluco and  $\beta$ -manno-type compounds 13b (39%) and 15b (56%), the structures of which were assigned on the basis of the  $^{1}$ H NMR spectra of their O-acetyl derivatives 14b and 16b, containing doublets of doublets at  $\delta$  5.08 ( $J = \sim$ 9.4 Hz) and  $\delta$  5.81 (J = 2.7 and 2.9 Hz), respectively.

## Preparation of 5a,5a'-Dicarbadisaccharide Derivatives

1,5-Anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol<sup>[11]</sup> (4) was chosen as a 3-OH free 5a-carba-D-glucal acceptor, and the other 4- and 6-O-unprotected derivatives were derivatized from 4. Thus, treatment of 4 with benzyl bromide in DMF in the presence of NaH gave a crystalline benzyl ether (90%), which was reduced with sodium cyanoborohydride in THF in the presence of MS-4A at room temperature to produce, after separation through a silica gel column, the 3,4- and 3,6-di-O-benzyl derivatives 5 (63%) and 6 (3%). The  $^1$ H NMR spectra of the respective O-acetyl derivatives, derived from 5 and 6, revealed the downfield shifts ( $\sim$ 1.4 and  $\sim$ 0.6 ppm) of the signals due to the protons attached to the carbon atoms bearing the acetoxyl

groups. These data were likely to be related to those observed for the *O*-acetyl derivatives of **2** and **3**.

Coupling of the epoxide 1 with compound 4 was conducted under similar conditions as described for 7a to give the  $\alpha$ -mannopyranosyl 5a,5a'-dicarbadisaccharide derivative 7c (45%) in 66% yield based on 4 consumed. Under the similar conditions, condensation of 1 with compound 5 gave 7d (17%) in 69% yield based on 5 consumed. The structures of 7c and 7d were confirmed on the basis of the respective acetyl derivatives 8c and 8d, the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of which revealed the narrow signals at  $\delta$  5.61 and 5.57 due to the equatorial protons H-2' attached to the carbon atoms bearing the acetoxyl groups.

Attempted coupling of 1 with the 6-OH free carbaglucal 6, however, failed under the standard conditions employed throughout in this study. The oxonium ion generated from the primary hydroxyl group of 6 seems not to be stabilized sufficiently (Fig. 3) to undergo nucleophilic attack of 6, compared to that of the pyranoid congener 3, conceivably owing to a lack of the pyranoid oxygen atom involved in favorable chelate formation.

Compound **7c,d** could be transformed through a similar sequence of reactions into the  $\alpha,\beta$ -gluco- and  $\beta$ -manno-5a,5a'-dicarbadisaccharide derivatives **11c,d**, **13c,d**, and **15c,d**, respectively. Thus, **7c** was oxidized to the ketone **9c** (99%), which was subjected to the similar epimerization conditions to give the epimer **10c** (49%) and **9c** (36%) recovered. Reduction of **10c** with NaBH<sub>4</sub>-CeCl<sub>3</sub> in MeOH afforded the  $\beta$ -gluco and  $\beta$ -manno dicarbadisaccharides **13c** (50%) and **15c** (43%). Their structures were confirmed on the basis of <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of the respective acetyl derivatives **14c** and **16c**, indicating doublets of doublets ( $\delta$  5.06, J = 9.4 and 9.4 Hz) and ( $\delta$  3.51, J = 2.8 and 9.8 Hz) due to H-2' and H-3', respectively.

On the other hand, 9c was reduced with NaBH<sub>4</sub> in THF to give the  $\alpha$ -gluco dicarbadisaccharide 11c (64%) together with 7c (28%). The structure of 11c was confirmed by the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of its acetyl derivative 12c, which contained the resonated signals due to H-2' and H-3' at  $\delta$  4.87 (dd, J=3.3 and  $9.9\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ) and 4.08 (dd, J=9.4 and  $9.9\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ), respectively.

Compound 7d was oxidized to the ketone 9d (91%), which was subjected to the similar epimerization conditions to give 9d (36%) and the epimer 10d (46%). Reduction of 10d with NaBH<sub>4</sub>-CeCl<sub>3</sub> in MeOH afforded the  $\beta$ -gluco

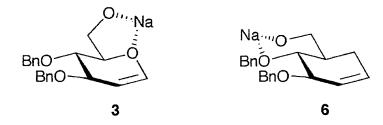


Figure 3: Postulated chelate formation of oxonium ions generated from compounds 3 and 6.

and  $\beta$ -manno dicarbadisaccharides **13d** (47%) and **15d** (38%). Their structures were confirmed on the basis of <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of the respective acetyl derivatives **14d** and **16d**, revealing doublets of doublets ( $\delta$  5.02, J = 9.4 and 9.4 Hz) and ( $\delta$  3.33, J = 2.8 and 9.8 Hz) due to H-2′ and H-3′, respectively.

Reduction of **9c** with NaBH<sub>4</sub> in THF gave the  $\alpha$ -gluco dicarbadisaccharide **11d**, which was acetylated to the *O*-acetyl derivative **12d** (53%) together with **8d** (31%). The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **12d** contained a signal due to H-2′ at  $\delta$  4.89 (dd, J = 3.6 and 9.8 Hz), confirming the proposed structure.

Although <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of the present dicarbadisaccharide derivatives were shown to be rather complex, owing to an overlap of signals due to two cyclitol moieties bonded by way of ether-linkage, the spectra could be interpreted by correlation with those of a series of related carbadisaccharide derivatives.

## CONCLUSION

Optimization of coupling reactions of epoxide and oxonium ions generated from glucal and carbaglucal derivatives was not carried out in this study. Nucleophilicity of the oxonium ion may be controlled by the bulkiness of the molecule as well as chemical features of the neighboring functions. Among four acceptors 2-5 usable in the couplings, the oxonium ion generated from 5 was shown to be the most inactive toward the epoxide 1, probably due to considerable steric hindrance. Also, concerning the crucial step of epimerization at the anomeric positions of carba-2'-uronate residues of 9a-d, it appears that stereo-electronic effects of the aglycon moieties, rather than combinations of both bases and solvents, may influence the ratio of  $\alpha/\beta$ -anomers in the range of 1:1-1:3.

In a synthesis of O-linked carba-oligosaccharides having carbasugar moieties at non reducing ends, an important key step is construction of an ether-linkage between a true sugar acceptor and a carbaglycosyl donor. Therefore, desirable building blocks for synthesis of such carba-oligosaccharides may include O-linked 5a'-carba-disaccharide derivatives with reactive glucal residues at reducing ends. The 5a-carba- and 5a,5a'-dicarba-disaccharides newly synthesized here can be readily transformed into 5a'-carba- $\alpha,\beta$ -glucopyranosyl and  $\beta$ -mannopyranosylglucal derivatives, which can then be chemically modified as well as biologically transformed into higher carba-oligosaccharides of biological interest.

## **EXPERIMENTAL**

## **General Procedures**

Melting points: Mel-Temp capillary melting point apparatus, uncorrected. Specific rotations: Jasco DIP-370 polarimeter, 1-dm cells. IR

spectra: Jasco A-202 or FT-IR-200. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra: Jeol JNM GSX-270 f.t. (270 MHz) and Jeol Lambda-300 (300 MHz); solvent CDCl<sub>3</sub> internal standard tetramethylsilane (TMS), D<sub>2</sub>O external acetone. Mass spectra: positive-ion electrospray ionization on a Jasco GC-Mass GC-Mare. TLC: SilicaGel 60 GF (E. Merck, Darmstadt); detection by charring with concd H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Column chromatography: silica gel 60 K070 (Katayama Chemicals, Osaka), Wakogel C-33 (silica gel, 300 mesh, Wako Chemical, Osaka), and Disogel sp-60 (silica gel, 60 mesh, Daiso, Osaka). Organic solutions, after drying with anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, were concentrated <50°C at diminished pressure.

1,5-Anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (2). According to the standard procedure, [9] compound 2 was prepared from 3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-D-glucal in 66% yield as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  -35° (c 1.2, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); ref. [9]  $[\alpha]_D^{23}$  -25.0° (c 5.7, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

Acetylation of 2 (136 mg, 417 mmol) with acetic anhydride (0.7 mL) in pyridine (1.4 mL) for 10 h at rt gave, after chromatography on a column of silica gel (10 g, 1:10 ethyl acetate/hexane), the 4-O-acetyl derivative (154 mg, ~100%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_{\rm p}^{24}$  -19° (c 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  6.45 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=1.2$  Hz,  $J_{1,2}=6.2$  Hz, H-1), 5.27 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4}=5.1$  Hz,  $J_{4,5}=10.1$  Hz, H-4), 4.88 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{2,5}=\sim1.0$  Hz,  $J_{2,3}=3.9$  Hz,  $J_{1,2}=6.2$  Hz, H-2), 4.61 and 4.54 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=12.2$  Hz), and 4.56 and 4.50 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=12.0$  Hz) (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.27 (dddd, 1H,  $J_{2,5}=1.0$  Hz,  $J_{5,6b}=4.4$  Hz,  $J_{5,6a}=6.8$  Hz,  $J_{4,5}=10.1$  Hz, H-5), 3.93 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=1.2$  Hz,  $J_{2,3}=3.9$  Hz,  $J_{3,4}=5.1$  Hz, H-3), 3.74 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a}=6.8$  Hz,  $J_{6\rm gem}=10.6$  Hz, H-6a), 3.64 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6b}=4.4$  Hz,  $J_{6\rm gem}=10.6$  Hz, H-6b), 2.02 (s, 3H, Ac). Anal. Calcd for  $C_{22}H_{24}O_5$ : C, 71.72; H, 6.57. Found: C, 71.79; H, 6.64.

2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4)-1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (8a). To a stirred solution of 2 (33.4 mg, 102 μmol) in DMF (0.50 mL) were added in turn NaH (25 mg, 6 molar equiv) and 15-crown-5 ether (0.12 mL, 6 molar equiv) at an interval of 1h at 0°C. After stirring for a further 1h, a solution of 1,2-anhydro-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-β-D-mannopyr-anose<sup>[8]</sup> (1) (52.0 mg, 1.5 molar equiv) in DMF (0.5 mL) was added to the mixture, and it was heated for 27 h at 60°C. After the addition of a small amount of MeOH, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (30 mL), and the solution was thoroughly washed with water, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and evaporated. The residue was treated with acetic anhydride (0.5 mL) and pyridine (1 mL) overnight at rt. Evaporation of the excess reagents and the products were purified by a column of silica gel (8 g, 1:12  $\rightarrow$  1:5 ethyl acetate/hexane, v/v) to give 8a [32 mg (44% yield), 87% based on 2 consumed] as a syrup, along with 2 (16.5 mg) unchanged:  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  –23° (c 1.2, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR

(300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.52–7.12 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.40 (dd, 1H,  $J_{4',5'}=8.7\,\mathrm{Hz},\ J_{3',4'}=10.8\,\mathrm{Hz},\ \mathrm{H}\text{-}4')$ , 5.60 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.84 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}=2.1\,\mathrm{Hz},\ J_{1,2}=6.1\,\mathrm{Hz},\ \mathrm{H}\text{-}2)$ , 4.64 and 4.54 (ABq,  $J_{\mathrm{gem}}=11.7\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ), and 4.51–4.60 (m, 4H) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.17 (br d,  $J_{1',2'}=\sim3\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , 1H, H-2'), 4.09 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax}=2.7\,\mathrm{Hz},\ J_{1',2'}=\sim3\,\mathrm{Hz},\ J_{1',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz},\ \mathrm{H}\text{-}1')$ , 4.07 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=0.9\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{2,3}=2.1\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-3), 4.01 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a}=4.5\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{6'\mathrm{gem}}=11.1\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-6'a), 3.71 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2',3'}=\sim3\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{3',4'}=10.8\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-3'), 3.58 (dd, 1H,  $J_{6'\mathrm{gem}}=11.1\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',6'b}=12.0\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-6'b), 2.47 (br s, 1H, OH), 2.14 (ddddd, 1H,  $J_{5',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',6'a}=4.5\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{4',5'}=8.7\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'eq}=13.8\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-5a'eq), 1.22 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'eq}=2.7\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a'gem}=13.8\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-5a'eq), 1.22 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'eq}=2.7\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a'gem}=13.8\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-5a'ex). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>9</sub>: C, 73.07; H, 6.56. Found: C, 73.02; H, 6.59.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (7a). A solution of 8a (24.3 mg, 34 µmol) in MeOH (1.0 mL) was treated with 1 M methanolic sodium methoxide (0.2 mL) for 8h at rt. After neutralization with Amberlite IR-120 (H<sup>+</sup>) resin and evaporation, the product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (3 g, 1:5 ethyl acetate/hexane, v/v) to give 7a (22 mg, 97%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_{D}^{26}$  -23° (c 1.1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.52–7.21 (m, 20H, 4 ×Ph), 6.40 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 0.9$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 6.1$  Hz, H-1), 5.60 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.84 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3} = 2.1$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 6.1$  Hz, H-2), 4.75 and 4.51 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 11.7 \,\text{Hz}$ ), and 4.62–4.47 (m, 4 H) (3 × C $H_2$ Ph), 4.17 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{2',3'} = 2.9 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1',2'} = 3.2 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-2'), 4.09 (ddd, 2H,  $J_{1',5a'ax} = 2.6 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1',2'} = J_{1',5a'eq} = 3.2 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \;\mathrm{H-1'}), \; 4.01 \;\mathrm{(dd, 1H,} \; J_{5',6'a} = 4.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \; J_{6'gem} = 11.0 \,\mathrm{Hz},$ H-6'a), 3.58 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'b} = J_{6'gem} = 11.0 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-6'b), 2.47 (br s, 1H, OH),  $12.0\,\mathrm{Hz},\ J_{5',5\mathrm{a'ax}} = 12.5\,\mathrm{Hz},\ \mathrm{H}\text{-}5'),\ 1.46\ (\mathrm{dd},\ 1\mathrm{H},\ J_{1',5\mathrm{a'eq}} = J_{5',5\mathrm{a'eq}} = 3.2\,\mathrm{Hz},$ H-5a'eq), 1.38 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax} = 2.6 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'ax} = 12.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a'gem} = 12.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ 13.5 Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for  $C_{41}H_{44}O_8$ : C, 74.08; H, 6.67. Found C, 74.28; H, 6.73.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-D-arabino-hex-2-ulopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4)-1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (9a). To a solution of 7a (93.7 mg, 141 μmol) in DMSO (3.0 mL) was added acetic anhydride (0.40 mL, 30 molar equiv), and it was stirred for 10 h at 25°C. After treatment with a small amount of methanol, the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (100 mL), and the solution was washed thoroughly with water, dried, and evaporated. The product was purified by chromatography (silica gel: 12 g, 1:19 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v) to give 9a (82.3 mg, 88%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_D^{25}$  –58° (c 0.28, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ 7.60–7.16 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.39 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}$  = 1.2 Hz,  $J_{1,2}$  = 6.1 Hz, H-1), 5.55 (s, 1H,

CHPh), 4.77 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}=2.7\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2}=6.1\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-2), 4.66 and 4.46 (ABq,  $J_{\mathrm{gem}}=12.0\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ), 4.63 and 4.54 (ABq,  $J_{\mathrm{gem}}=12.0\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ), and 4.41 and 4.35 (ABq,  $J_{\mathrm{gem}}=11.5\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.20 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax}=2.7\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-1'), 4.14 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a}=4.4\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{6'\mathrm{gem}}=11.0\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-6'a), 4.08 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=1.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{2,3}=2.7\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{3,4}=8.5\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-3), 1.75 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'eq}=3.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'eq}=3.4\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a'\mathrm{gem}}=14.4\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-5a'eq), 1.12 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax}=2.7\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'ax}=13.2\,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a'\mathrm{gem}}=14.4\,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>41</sub>H<sub>42</sub>O<sub>8</sub>: C, 74.30; H, 6.39. Found: C, 74.21; H, 6.40.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-β-D-arabino-hex-2-ulopyrano $syl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-1,5$ -anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (10a). To a solution of 9a (35.0 mg, 52.8 \(\mu\)mol) in toluene (1.4 mL) was added DBU (12 µL, 1.5 molar equiv), and it was stirred for 8 h at 60°C. The mixture was then diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL), and the solution was washed thoroughly with water, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and evaporated. The products were chromatographed on silica gel (5 g, 1:20 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v) to give 9a $(16 \,\mathrm{mg}, 54\%)$ , along with **10a**  $(13 \,\mathrm{mg}, 37\%)$ , as crystals: mp  $123-124^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ ;  $[\alpha]_{\mathrm{p}}^{25}$  $-25^{\circ}$  (c 0.65, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$ 7.51-7.23 (m, 20H,  $4 \times Ph$ ), 6.43 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2} = 6.1 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-1), 5.50 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.87 1H,  $J_{2,3} = 2.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \quad J_{1,2} = 6.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \quad \mathrm{H}\text{-}2),$ 4.82and  $J_{\text{gem}} = 12.2 \,\text{Hz}$ ), 4.61 and 4.54 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 12.0 \,\text{Hz}$ ,), and 4.66 and 4.40  $(ABq, J_{gem} = 12.0 \,Hz) (3 \times CH_2Ph), 4.34 (m, 1H, H-1'), 4.24 (dd, 1H, H-1')$  $J_{2,3} = 2.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, J_{3,4} = 7.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{H-3}, 3.92 \,\mathrm{(d, 1H, } J_{3',4'} = 10.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{H-3'}), 3.78 \,\mathrm{(dd, 1H, } J_{3',4'} = 10.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{H-3'})$ 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 7.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{4,5} = 9.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}4), \ 1.12 \ (\mathrm{ddd}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ J_{1',5\mathrm{a'ax}} = 12.6 \,\mathrm{Hz},$  $J_{5',5a'ax} = 12.9 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a'gem} = 13.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for  $C_{41}H_{42}O_8$ : C, 74.30; H, 6.39, Found: C, 74.18; H, 6.41.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba- $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -1, 5-anhydro-3,6-di-Q-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (11a). To a solution of 9a (13.0 mg, 19.6 µmol) in THF (1.0 mL) was added sodium borohydride (2.2 mg, 3 molar equiv), and it was stirred for 25 h at 0°C. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (20 mL), and the solution was washed with water, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and evaporated. The products were separated by preparative TLC (silica gel) with (2:3 ethyl acetate/hexane, v/v), 7a (3.7 mg, 28%) and  $11a_{1}(5.6 \text{ mg}, 43\%)$  as syrups:  $[\alpha]_{D}^{19} -11^{\circ}$  (c 0.28, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.53-7.22 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.40 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 1.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2} = 5.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-1), 5.55 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.85 (dd,  $J_{2,3} = 2.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2} = 6.11 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-2), 4.68 - 4.58 (m, 4 H) and 4.78 and 4.53 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 11.2 \,\text{Hz}$ ) (3 × C $H_2$ Ph), 4.25 (br ddd, 1H,  $J_{1.3} = J_{2.3} =$  $\sim\!2.4\,\mathrm{Hz},\,J_{3,4}=6.8\,\mathrm{Hz},\,\mathrm{H\text{--}}3),\,4.19\;(\mathrm{ddd},\,1\mathrm{H},\,J_{1',5\mathrm{a'ax}}=2.0\,\mathrm{Hz},\,J_{1',2'}=J_{1',5\mathrm{a'eq}}=1.0\,\mathrm{Hz}$ 2.5 Hz, H-1'), 1.58 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'eq} = \sim 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',5a'eq} = 3.4$  Hz,  $J_{5\rm a'gem} = 14.2\,{\rm Hz}, \; {\rm H\text{-}}5\rm a'eq), \; 0.90 \; ({\rm ddd}, \; 1{\rm H}, \; J_{1',5\rm a'ax} = 2.0\,{\rm Hz}, \; J_{5',5\rm a'ax} = 12.9\,{\rm Hz}, \; J_{5',5\rm a'ax$  $J_{5a'gem} = 14.2 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \,\mathrm{H}\text{-}5a'ax).$ 

2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4)-1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (12a). Compound 11a (5.4 mg, 8.1 μmol) was acetylated with acetic anhydride and pyridine in the usual manner to give, after chromatography (silica gel: 2 g, 1:15 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v) to give 12a (5.4 mg, 95%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_D^{21}$  -6° (c 0.27, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ 7.46–7.17 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.38 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  = 6.1 Hz, H-1), 5.51 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.84 and 4.58 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}}$  = 11.7H), 4.55 and 4.48 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}}$  = 12.0 Hz), and 4.46 and 4.36 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}}$  = 11.2 Hz) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.32 (br ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax}$  = 2.0 Hz,  $J_{1',2'}$  =  $J_{1',5a'eq}$  = 3.5 Hz, H-1'), 3.65 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a}$  = 3.2 Hz,  $J_{6\text{gem}}$  = 10.7 Hz, H-6a), 3.54 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3',4'}$  = 9.5 Hz,  $J_{4',5'}$  = 10.3 Hz, H-4'), 3.48 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6a}$  =  $J_{6'\text{gem}}$  = 11.0 Hz, H-6'a), 1.93 (s, 3H, Ac), 1.74 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'eq}$  = 2.0 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'eq}$  = ~3.5 Hz,  $J_{5a'\text{gem}}$  = 14.2 Hz, H-5a'eq), 0.84 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax}$  = 2.0 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'ax}$  = 12.5 Hz,  $J_{5a'\text{gem}}$  = 14.2 Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>9</sub>: C, 73.07; H, 6.56. Found: C, 72.71; H, 6.59.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4)-1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (13a) and 3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-β-D-mannopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4)-1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (15a). A solution of 10a (12.7 mg, 19.2 μmol) and cerium(III) chloride heptahydrate (0.10 g, 14 molar equiv) in methanol (0.50 mL) was stirred for 30 min at 0°C. Sodium borohydride (10 mg, 14 molar equiv) was added to the mixture, which was then stirred for 47 h at 0°C. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL), and the solution was washed with water, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and evaporated. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (2 g, 1:15 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v) to give 13a (8.7 mg, 73%) and 15a (2.8 mg, 22%) as a syrup:

13a: m.p. 116–118°C;  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{28}$  –28° (c 0.44, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.50–7.24 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.40 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=1.2\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2}=6.1\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-1), 5.51 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.89 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}=2.4\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2}=6.1\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-2), 4.94 and 4.76 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.5\,{\rm Hz}$ ), 4.66 and 4.60 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=12.0\,{\rm Hz}$ ), and 4.70 and 4.43 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.5\,{\rm Hz}$ ) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.14 (m, 1H, H-3), 3.97 (br d, 1H,  $J_{6\rm gem}=11.2\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-6a), 3.79 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6b}=2.0\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{6\rm gem}=11.2\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-6b), 3.68 (m, 1H, H-1'), 1.74 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'\rm eq}=4.9\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{1',5a'\rm ax}=11.2\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a'\rm gem}=12.8\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-5a'eq), 0.92 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'\rm ax}=J_{5',5a'\rm ax}=11.2\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a'\rm gem}=12.8\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-5a'ax).

**15a**:  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{19}$  +8° (c 0.3, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.51 – 7.28 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.41 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=1.2\,{\rm Hz},\ J_{1,2}=6.1\,{\rm Hz},\ {\rm H}\text{-}1$ ), 5.57 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.89 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}=2.0\,{\rm Hz},\ J_{1,2}=6.1\,{\rm Hz},\ {\rm H}\text{-}2$ ), 4.69 and 4.65 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=12.3\,{\rm Hz}$ ), 4.67 – 4.54 (m, 2 H), and 4.66 and 4.45 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.5\,{\rm Hz}$ ) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.30 (br s, 1H, H-2'), 4.23 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}=2.0\,{\rm Hz}$ ,

 $J_{3,4} = 7.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \,\mathrm{H}\text{-}3), \,3.59 \,\mathrm{(dd, 1H,} \,J_{5',6'a} = J_{6'\mathrm{gem}} = 10.7 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \,\mathrm{H}\text{-}6'a), \,3.32 \,\mathrm{(dd, 1H,} \,J_{2',3'} = 3.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \,J_{3',4'} = 9.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \,\mathrm{H}\text{-}3'), \,2.78 \,\mathrm{(br s, 1H, OH)}.$ 

2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4)-1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (14a). Compound 13a (8.3 mg, 12.5 μmol) was acetylated conventionally to give, after chromatography (silica gel: 2 g, 1:10 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v), 14a (8.6 mg, 98%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{27}$  -8° (c 0.5, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ 7.50–7.22 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.39 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 1.2$  Hz.  $J_{1,2} = 6.1$  Hz, H-1), 5.52 (s, 1H, CHPh), 5.00 (t, 1H,  $J_{1',2'} = J_{2',3'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 4.86 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3} = 2.9$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 6.1$  Hz, H-2), 4.89 and 4.58 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 12.0$  Hz), 4.64 and 4.44 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 12.5$  Hz), and 4.58 and 4.51 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 12.0$  Hz) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 3.65–3.55 (m, 1H, H-1'), 1.88 (m, 1H,  $J_{5',5a'eq} = 3.4$  Hz,  $J_{1',5a'eq} = 4.4$  Hz,  $J_{5a'gem} = 13.2$  Hz, H-5a'eq), 0.98 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax} = 11.7$  Hz,  $J_{5',5a'ax} = 12.9$  Hz,  $J_{5a'gem} = 13.2$  Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>9</sub>: C, 73.07; H, 6.56. Found: C, 72.74; H, 6.65.

2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-β-D-mannopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4) -1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (16a). Compound 15a (6.0 mg, 9.0 μmol) was acetylated conventionally to give, after chromatography (silica gel: 2 g, 1:10 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v), 16a (6.3 mg, 98%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_D^{19}$  -24° (c 0.25, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ 7.44-7.14 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.35 (dd, 1H, H-1), 5.64 (m, 1H,  $J_{2',3'}$  = 2.9 Hz, H-2'), 5.48 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.82 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  = 2.4 Hz,  $J_{1,2}$  = 6.1 Hz, H-2), 4.60 and 4.36 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 11.2 Hz), 4.58-4.51 (m, 2 H), and 4.58 and 4.36 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 12.9 Hz) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 3.86 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a}$  = 3.9 Hz,  $J_{6'\rm gem}$  = 10.6 Hz, H-6'a), 3.80-3.60 (m, 1H, H-1'), 3.50 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a}$  = 3.9 Hz,  $J_{6'\rm gem}$  = 10.6 Hz, H-6'b), 3.25 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2',3'}$  = 2.9 Hz,  $J_{3',4'}$  = 9.5 Hz, H-3'), 2.02 (s, 3H, Ac), 1.57 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'\rm eq}$  = 2.7 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\rm eq}$  = 3.2 Hz,  $J_{5a'\rm gem}$  = 11.8 Hz, H-5a'eq). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>9</sub>: C, 73.07; H, 6.56. Found: C, 72.55; H, 6.79.

1,5-Anhydro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (3). According to the standard procedure, [10] compound 3 was prepared: syrup,  $R_f$  0.3 (1:3 acetone/hexane);  $[\alpha]_D^{26}$  -41° (c 1.20, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); ref. [10]  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$  -34.8° (c 0.82, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

For further characterization, the acetyl derivative was obtained in the usual manner: syrup,  $R_f$  0.46 (1:3 acetone/hexane);  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{28}$  +2.4° (c 1.10, CHCl<sub>3</sub>);  $^1{\rm H}$  NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.37–7.25 (m, 10 H, Ph), 6.39 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=1.0\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2}=6.1\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-1), 4.92 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}=2.7\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2}=6.1\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-2), 4.85 and 4.66 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.2\,{\rm Hz}$ ), and 4.66 and 4.56 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.4\,{\rm Hz}$ ) (2 × C $H_2$ Ph), 4.41 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a}=2.9\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{\rm gem}=12.2\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-6a), 4.35 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6b}=5.1\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{\rm gem}=12.2\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-6b), 4.23 (br

ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=1.0\,\mathrm{Hz},\ J_{2,3}=2.7\,\mathrm{Hz},\ J_{3,4}=6.1\,\mathrm{Hz},\ \mathrm{H}\text{-}3),\ 4.09$  (ddd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a}=2.9\,\mathrm{Hz},\ J_{5,6b}=5.1\,\mathrm{Hz},\ J_{4,5}=8.5\,\mathrm{Hz},\ \mathrm{H}\text{-}5),\ 3.77$  (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4}=6.1\,\mathrm{Hz},\ J_{4,5}=8.5\,\mathrm{Hz},\ \mathrm{H}\text{-}4),\ 2.05$  (s, 3H, Ac). Anal. Calcd for  $\mathrm{C}_{22}\mathrm{H}_{24}\mathrm{O}_5$ : C, 71.72; H, 6.57. Found: C, 71.53; H, 6.78.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-lpha-D-mannopyranosyl-(1 
ightarrow 6)-1,5-anhydro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol Coupling of 1 (125 mg, 370 µmol, 1.5 molar equiv) and 3 (80.2 mg, 246 µmol) was carried out similarly as in the preparation of 7a. The products were chromatographed on silica gel (50 g, 1:30 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v) to give 7b [91.5 mg (56% yield), 91% based on 3 consumed], along with 3 (30.5 mg) unchanged:  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{26}$  +15° (c 0.88, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.53– 7.21 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.35 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 1.2\,\mathrm{Hz},\ J_{1,2} = 6.1\,\mathrm{Hz},\ \mathrm{H}\text{--}1),$  5.61 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.87 (br dd,  $J_{2,3} = 2.4$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 6.1$  Hz, H-2), 4.85 and 4.65  $(ABq, J_{gem} = 11.2 \, Hz), 4.68 \text{ and } 4.56 \, (ABq, J_{gem} = 11.7 \, Hz), \text{ and } 4.63 \, (m, 2 \, H)$  $(3 \times CH_2Ph)$ , 4.21 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 1.2 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{2,3} = 2.4 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{3,4} = 6.1 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-3), 4.16 (br dd, 1H,  $J = \sim 2.9 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-2'), 4.07 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 4.4 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{6'\text{gem}} = 11.0 \,\text{Hz}, \text{ H-6'a}, 3.74 \text{ (br ddd, 1H, } J = \sim 2.5 \,\text{Hz}, \text{ H-1'}), 3.67 \text{ (dd, 1H, } J = \sim 2.5 \,\text{Hz}, \text{ H-1'})$  $J_{5,6a} = 2.7 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \, J_{6\mathrm{gem}} = 10.8 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \, \mathrm{H}\text{-}6a), \, 3.64 \,(\mathrm{dd}, \, 1\mathrm{H}, \, J_{5',6'b} = J_{6'\mathrm{gem}} = 11.0 \,\mathrm{Hz},$ H-6b'), 2.56 (br s, 1H, OH), 2.21 (m, 1H, H-5'), 1.44 (br ddd, 1H,  $J_{1.5a'ax} = -3 \text{ Hz}, J_{5',5a'ax} = J_{5a'gem} = -13 \text{ Hz}, \text{ H-5a'ax}.$ 

2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-D-mannopyrano $syl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-1,5$ -anhydro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (8b). Compound 7b (17.6 mg, 27 μmol) was acetylated as in the preparation of 8a. The product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (2g, 1:9 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v) to give **8b** (17.5 mg, 94%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_D^{19} + 16^\circ$  (c 0.87, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.47–7.12 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.25 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 1.2 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2} = 6.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-1), 5.56 (br s, 1H, CHPh), 5.49 (br t, 1H,  $J = \sim 2.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-2'), 4.79 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2.3} = 2.7 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1.2} = 6.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-2), 4.76 and 4.56 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 11.1 \,\text{Hz}$ ), 4.60 (s, 2 H), and 4.58 and 4.49 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 11.7 \,\text{Hz}$ ) (3 × C $H_2$ Ph), 4.13 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3} = 2.4 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{3,4} = 6.3 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-3), 4.01 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 4.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{6'\mathrm{gem}} = 11.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-6'a'), 3.70 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 6.3 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \, J_{4,5} = 8.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \,\mathrm{H}$ -4), 3.66 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a} = 2.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \, J_{6\mathrm{gem}} = 10.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-6a), 3.57 (t, 1H,  $J_{5',6'b} = J_{6'\text{gem}} = 11.0\,\text{Hz}$ , H-6'b), 3.56 (ddd, 1H,  $J = \sim 2.0\,\text{Hz}$ , H-1'), 2.04 (s, 3H, OAc), 1.51 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'eq} = J_{5',5a'eq} = \sim 2.0 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a'gem} = 13.8 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \quad \mathrm{H}\text{-}5a'eq), \quad 1.27 \quad (\mathrm{ddd}, \quad 1\mathrm{H}, \quad J_{1',5a'ax} = \quad 2.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \quad J_{5',5a'ax} = \quad 1.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}$  $J_{5a'gem} = 13.8 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for  $C_{43}H_{46}O_9$ : C, 73.07; H, 6.56. Found: C, 73.01; H, 6.69.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba- $\alpha$ -D-arabino-hex-2-ulopyrano-syl-(1  $\rightarrow$  6)-1,5-anhydro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (9b). Compound 7b (57.2 mg, 86  $\mu$ mol) was treated with acetic anhydride

(0.25 mL, 30 molar equiv) in DMSO (1.7 mL) for 15 h at 25°C. After usual processing, the product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel: 10 g, 1:15 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v) to give **9b** (53.7 mg, 94%) as crystals: mp 123–124°C;  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{24}$  +15° (c 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (interalia):  $\delta$  7.48–7.12 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.12 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}$  = 1.2 Hz,  $J_{1,2}$  = 6.1 Hz, H-1), 5.48 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.79 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.59 (m, 1H, H-3'), 4.78 and 4.57 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 11.2 Hz), 4.74 and 4.56 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 11.4 Hz), and 4.58 and 4.48 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 11.5 Hz) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.15 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a}$  = 4.4 Hz,  $J_{6'\rm gem}$  = 11.0 Hz, H-6'a), 4.12 (m, 1H, H-3), 3.82–3.74 (m, 1H, H-1'), 2.56 (ddddd, 1H,  $J_{5',5a'\rm eq}$  = 3.4 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\rm eq}$  = 3.4 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\rm eq}$  = 3.2 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\rm eq}$  = 3.4 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\rm eq}$  = 3.2 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\rm eq}$  = 3.4 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\rm em}$  = 14.5 Hz, H-5a'eq), 1.18 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'\rm em}$  = 2.7 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\rm em}$  = 13.2 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\rm em}$  = 14.5 Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>41</sub>H<sub>42</sub>O<sub>8</sub>: C, 74.30; H, 6.39. Found: C, 74.24; H, 6.45.

3-*O*-Benzyl-4,6-*O*-benzylidene-5a-carba-β-D-*arabino*-hex-2-ulopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  6)-1,5-anhydro-3,4-di-*O*-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-*arabino*-hex-1-enitol (10b). Compound 9b (50.7 mg, 76.5 mmol) was treated with DBU (17 μL, 1.5 molar equiv) in toluene (2.0 mL) for 7 h at 60°C. After usual processing, the product was purified by silica gel chromatography (10 g, 1:20 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v) to give 9b (22 mg, 44%) and 10b (26.3 mg, 41%):  $[\alpha]_D^{22}$  – 10.4° (c 0.78, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (*inter alia*): δ 7.52–7.25 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.39 (d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  = 6.1 Hz, H-1), 5.55 (s, 1H, C*H*Ph), 4.89 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  = 6.1 Hz, H-2), 4.91 and 4.66 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}}$  = 12.3 Hz), 4.89 and 4.80 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}}$  = 12.1 Hz), and 4.64 and 4.54 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}}$  = 11.5 Hz) (3 × C*H*<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.11–3.96 (m, 2H, H-5, H-1'), 4.06 (d, 1H,  $J_{3',4'}$  = 10.0 Hz, H-3'), 3.84–3.77 (m, 1H, H-1'), 1.27 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{5',5a'ax}$  = 12.0 Hz,  $J_{1',5a'ax}$  = 12.5 Hz,  $J_{5a'\text{gem}}$  = 12.6 Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>41</sub>H<sub>42</sub>O<sub>8</sub>: C, 74.30; H, 6.39. Found: C, 74.29; H, 6.42.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  6)-1, 5-anhydro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (11b). Compound 9b (13.1 mg, 19.8 μmol) was treated with NaBH<sub>4</sub> (2.2 mg, 3 molar equiv) in THF at 0°C as in the preparation of 11a. The products were chromatographed on silica gel-(3 g, 1:15 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v), to give 7b (4.2 mg, 32%) and 11b (8.7 mg, 66%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_D^{22} + 31^\circ$  (c 0.32, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.53–7.20 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.39 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2} = 6.3$  Hz, H-1), 5.57 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.90 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3} = 3.0$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 6.3$  Hz, H-2), 4.96 and 4.78 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 11.4$  Hz), 4.85 and 4.65 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 11.4$  Hz), and 4.60 (m, 2 H) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.09 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a} = 4.2$  Hz,  $J_{6\text{gem}} = 10.5$  Hz, H-6a), 3.94 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6b} = 5.1$  Hz,  $J_{6\text{gem}} = 10.5$  Hz, H-6b), 3.58 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = J_{4',5'} = 11.0$  Hz, H-4'), 2.83 (d, 1H,  $J_{2',\text{OH}} = 7.5$  Hz, OH), 1.73 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,5a'\text{eq}} = J_{5',5a'\text{eq}} = 3.0$  Hz,  $J_{5a'\text{gem}} = 14.4$  Hz, H-5a'eq), 1.01 (br t, 1H,  $J_{1,5a'\text{ax}} = \sim 3$  Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\text{ax}} = 13.5$  Hz,  $J_{5a'\text{gem}} = 14.4$  Hz, H-5a'ax).

**2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1**  $\rightarrow$  **6)-1,5-anhydro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-***arabino***-hex-1-enitol** (12b). Compound 11b (6.4 mg, 9.6 μmol) was acetylated as in the preparation of 12a to give, after chromatography (silica gel, 2 g, 1:15 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/ v) to give 12b (6.7 mg, 99%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_D^{22} + 21^\circ$  (c 0.34, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ 7.53–7.19 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.35 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 1.0$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 6.0$  Hz, H-1), 5.59 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.89 and 4.85 (ABq, each 1H,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 11.0$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.88 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3} = 2.7$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 6.0$  Hz, H-2), 4.80 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1',2'} = 3.0$  Hz,  $J_{2',3'} = 10.0$  Hz, H-2'), 4.19 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 1.0$  Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 2.7$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 5.7$  Hz, H-3), 3.89 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 5.7$  Hz,  $J_{4,5} = 8.4$  Hz, H-4), 4.01 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2',3'} = J_{3',4'} = \sim 10$  Hz, H-3') 3.64 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{3',4'} = J_{4',5'} = \sim 11.0$  Hz, H-4'), 2.01 (s, 3H, Ac), 1.74 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'\text{eq}} = J_{5',5a'\text{eq}} = 3.5$  Hz,  $J_{5a'\text{gem}} = 14.0$  Hz, H-5a'eq), 1.07 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'\text{ax}} = 1.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\text{ax}} = 13.5$  Hz,  $J_{5a'\text{gem}} = 14.0$  Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>9</sub>: C, 73.07; H, 6.56. Found: C, 72.93; H, 6.80.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  6)-1, 5-anhydro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (13b) and 3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba- $\beta$ -D-mannopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  6)-1,5-anhydro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (15b). Compound 10b (11.7 mg, 17.7  $\mu$ mol) was treated with sodium borohydride in the presence of cerium(III) chloride in methanol as in the preparation of 13a and 15a. The products were chromatographed on silica gel (2 g, 1:15 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v) to give 13b (4.6 mg, 39%) and 15b (6.5 mg, 56%) as syrups.

13b:  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{22}$  –3.4° (c 0.23, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.51–7.29 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.41 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}$  = 0.7 Hz,  $J_{1,2}$  = 6.1 Hz, H-1), 5.56 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.88 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  = 2.9 Hz,  $J_{1,2}$  = 6.1 Hz, H-2), 4.99 and 4.77 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 11.4 Hz), 4.85 and 4.73 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 11.2 Hz), and 4.64 and 4.55 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 11.7 Hz) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.19 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  = 2.9 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  = 6.1 Hz, H-3), 4.14 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5'6'a}$  = 4.4 Hz,  $J_{6'\rm gem}$  = 11.1 Hz, H-6'a), 4.03 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a}$  = 3.4 Hz,  $J_{5,6b}$  = 5.1 Hz,  $J_{4,5}$  = 8.3 Hz, H-5), 3.81 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  = 6.1 Hz,  $J_{4,5}$  = 8.3 Hz, H-4), 3.34 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1',2'}$  = 10.5 Hz, H-1'), 2.83 (br s, 1H, OH), 1.00 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax}$  = 11.2 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'ax}$  = 12.9 Hz,  $J_{5a'\rm gem}$  = 13.2 Hz, H-5a'ax).

15b:  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{23} + 24^{\circ}$  (c 0.25, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.48–7.25 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.36 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 1.0\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2} = 6.1\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-1), 5.56 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.86 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3} = 2.9\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2} = 6.1\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-2), 4.81 and 4.71 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 12.3\,{\rm Hz}$ ), 4.79 and 4.65 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 11.6\,{\rm Hz}$ ), and 4.59 and 4.48 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 11.7\,{\rm Hz}$ ) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.24 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{1',2'} = 2.2\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{2',3'} = 2.8\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-2'), 3.63 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 10.6\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{6'{\rm gem}} = 10.7\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-6'a), 3.39 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2',3'} = 2.8\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{3',4'} = 9.6\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-3'), 3.30 (m, 1H,  $J_{1',2'} = 2.2\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{1',5a'{\rm eq}} = 6.6\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{1',5a'{\rm ax}} = 9.3\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-1'), 2.43 (br s, 1H, OH).

 $\textbf{2-}O\text{-}Acetyl\textbf{-}\textbf{3-}O\text{-}benzyl\textbf{-}\textbf{4,6-}O\text{-}benzylidene\textbf{-}\textbf{5}a\text{-}carba\textbf{-}\beta\text{-}D\text{-}glucopyranos\textbf{-}$ yl-(1 ightarrow 6)-1,5-anhydro-3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex -1-enitol (14b). Compound 13b (4.6 mg,  $6.9 \,\mu mol)$  was acetylated as in the preparation of 13a to give, after chromatography (silica gel: 2g, 1:10 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v), **14b** (4.9 mg, 100%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_{D}^{19} + 11^{\circ}$  (c 0.25, CHCl<sub>3</sub>);  $^{1}\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.53–7.23 (m, 20H,  $4 \times Ph$ ), 6.38 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2} = 6.0 \, Hz$ , H-1), 5.56 (s, 1H, CHPh), 5.08 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1',2'} = J_{2',3'} = 9.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H-2'}), \ 4.88 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ J_{2,3} = 3.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{1,2} = 6.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H-2}),$  $4.13 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ J_{5',6'\mathrm{eq}} = 4.0\,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{6'\mathrm{gem}} = 10.8\,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{-}6\mathrm{a'eq}), \ 4.12 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ \mathrm{deq})$  $J_{2,3} = 3.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{3,4} = 7.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}3), \ 3.98 \ (\mathrm{ddd}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 3.65 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J = \sim 4.0 \,\mathrm{H$ 1H,  $J_{3',4'} = J_{4',5'} = 9.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-4'), 3.60 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'\mathrm{ax}} = J_{6'\mathrm{gem}} = 10.8 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-6'ax), 3.55 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3',4'} = 9.0 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{2',3'} = 9.4 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-3'), 3.41 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'eq} = 4.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{1',2'} = 10.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{1',5a'ax} = 10.8 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{-}1'), \ 1.95 \ (\mathrm{s}, \ 3\mathrm{H}, \ \mathrm{Ac}),$  $1.81 \ (\mathrm{ddd}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ J_{1',5\mathrm{a'eq}} = J_{5',5\mathrm{a'eq}} = 3.0 \, \mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{5\mathrm{a'gem}} = 12.7 \, \mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H\text{-}}5\mathrm{a'eq}), \ 1.72$ (m, 1H, H-5'), 1.04 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{5',5a'ax} = 11.4$  Hz,  $J_{1',5a'ax} = 12.0$  Hz,  $J_{5a'gem} = 12.0$  $12.7 \, \text{Hz}, \, \text{H-}5\text{a}'\text{ax}).$ 

HRMS Calcd for  $C_{43}H_{46}O_9$ . Found: 706.2947 (M: 0.1%).

 $2\text{-}O\text{-}Acetyl\text{-}3\text{-}O\text{-}benzyl\text{-}4,6\text{-}O\text{-}benzylidene\text{-}5a\text{-}carba\text{-}\beta\text{-}D\text{-}mannopyrano\text{-}}$  $ext{syl-(1 $\rightarrow 6)-1,5-anhydro-3,4-di-$O$-benzyl-2-deoxy-D-$arabino-hex-1-ensemble.}$ itol (16b). Compound 15b (5.5 mg, 8.3 µmol) was acetylated as in the preparation of 12a to give, after chromatography (silica gel: 2g, 1:10 EtOAc/ toluene, v/v), **16b** (5.4 mg, 93%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_{D}^{22}$  -8.6° (c 0.27, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.53-7.28 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 6.38 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1.3} = 1.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{1.2} = 6.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H-1}), \ 5.81 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ J_{1',2'} = 2.7 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{2',3'} = 2.9 \,\mathrm{Hz},$ H-2'), 5.60 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.89 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3} = 2.9\,\mathrm{Hz}, J_{1,2} = 6.1\,\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{H}$ -2), 4.83 and 4.69 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 11.5 \,\text{Hz}$ ), 4.70 and 4.67 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 10.4 \,\text{Hz}$ ), and 4.63 and 4.53 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 11.6 \,\text{Hz}$ ) (3 × C $H_2$ Ph), 4.16 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3} = 2.9 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{3,4} = 5.7 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \,\mathrm{H}$ -3), 4.12 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 4.3 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \,J_{6'\mathrm{gem}} = 10.9 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \,\mathrm{H}$ -6'a), 4.02 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5.6b} = 3.6 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5.6a} = 5.4 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-5), 3.89 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3',4'} = 9.8 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{4'.5'} = 10.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \; \mathrm{H}\text{-}4'$ ), 3.86 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5.6a} = 5.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \; J_{6\mathrm{gem}} = 11.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \; \mathrm{H}\text{-}6a$ ), 3.78 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 5.7 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{4,5} = 8.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-4), 3.72 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6b} = 3.6 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{6\text{gem}} = 11.1 \,\text{Hz}, \,\text{H-6b}), \,3.67 \,(\text{t}, \,1\text{H}, \,J_{5',6'b} = J_{6'\text{gem}} = 10.9 \,\text{Hz}, \,\text{H-6'b}), \,3.48 \,(\text{dd}, \,1)$ 1H,  $J_{2',3'} = 2.9 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{3',4'} = 9.8 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-3'), 3.44 (br ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',2'} = 2.7 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1',5a'eq} = 4.5 \,\text{Hz}, \ J_{1',5a'ax} = 11.4 \,\text{Hz}, \ \text{H-1'}), \ 2.11 \ (\text{s}, \ 3\text{H}, \ \text{Ac}). \ \text{Anal.} \ \text{Calcd for}$ C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>9</sub>: C, 73.07; H, 6.56. Found: C, 72.65; H, 6.77.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba- $\beta$ -D-mannopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 3)$ -1,5-anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (7c): A mixture of 1,5-anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (4, 195 mg, 0.84 mmol) in DMF (3.0 mL) was treated with NaH (100 mg, 3 molar equiv) for 1h at 0°C to rt. To the mixture was added 15-crown-5 ether (0.50 mL, 3 molar equiv), and it was stirred for 1h at

0°C to rt. After addition of the epoxide 1 (426 mg, 1.5 molar equiv), it was stirred for 16 h at 60°C. The reaction was quenched by addition of methanol, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc, and the solution was washed with water, dried, and evaporated. The residue was chromatographed on a column of silica gel (100 g, 1:30 EtOAc/toluene) to give 7c [216 mg (45%) yield), 66%] as a syrup:  $R_f$  0.5 (1:3 EtOAc/toluene);  $[\alpha]_D^{22}$  -67° (c 0.80, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ 7.46-7.12 (m, 15 H,  $3 \times \text{Ph}$ ), 5.68 (m, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = J_{1,5a(ax)} = 2.4\,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,5a(eq)} = 4.8\,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2} = 3.4\,\text{Hz}$  $10.2\,\mathrm{Hz},\,\mathrm{H}\text{-}1),\,5.53$  (br s, 2H,  $2\times\mathrm{C}H\mathrm{Ph}$ ), 5.51 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}=10.5\,\mathrm{Hz},\,\mathrm{H}\text{-}2$ ), 4.49 and 4.20 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}} = 11.5 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $CH_2\text{Ph}$ ), 4.06 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 4.4 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{6'\text{gem}} = 11.0\,\text{Hz}, \, \text{H-}6'\text{a}), \, 3.96 \, (\text{m}, \, 1\text{H}, \, J_{1',5\text{a'eq}} = 2.7\,\text{Hz}, \, J_{1',5\text{a'ax}} = 5.6\,\text{Hz}, \, \text{H-}1'),$ 3.86 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3',4'} = 9.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{4',5'} = 10.2 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-4'), 3.77 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2',3'} = 10.2 \,\mathrm{Hz}$  $3.2 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{3'.4'} = 9.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-3'), 2.46 (br s, 1H, OH), 2.23 (m, 1H, H-5'), 2.08  $(dddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 5 Hz, J_{5,5a(ax)} = J_{5,6b} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 11 Hz, H-5), 1.96 [ddd, 1H, J_{5,5a(eq)} = J_{5,6a} =$ 1H,  $J_{1,5a(eq)} = J_{5,5a(eq)} = \sim 5.0 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5agem} = 17.2 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-5a(eq)], 1.68 [ddddd, 1H,  $J_{2,5a(ax)} = J_{5a(ax),6a} = J_{5a(ax),6b} = 2.8 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5,5a(ax)} = 11.2 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5agem}$  $17.2 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \,\mathrm{H}\text{-}5\mathrm{a}(\mathrm{ax}) \, 1.50 - 1.44 \,\mathrm{(m, 2H, 2 \times H\text{-}5a')}.$ 

2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-β-D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 3)$ -1,5-anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabinohex-1-enitol (8c): Compound 7c (16 mg, 29 μmol) was acetylated in the usual manner and the product was chromatographed on a column of silica gel (2 g, 1:9 EtOAc/toluene) to give 8c (17 mg, 97%) as a syrup:  $R_f 0.57$  (1:4 EtOAc/toluene);  $[\alpha]_{D}^{20}$  -52° (c 0.88, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.52-7.12 (m, 15 H,  $3 \times Ph$ ), 5.75 (m, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 1.5 \, \text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,5a(ax)} = 2.2 \, \text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,5a(eq)} =$  $2.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{1,2} = 10.3 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-1), 5.62 and 5.61 (2 s, each 1H,  $2 \times \mathrm{C}H\mathrm{Ph}$ ), 5.61 (m, 1H, H-2'), 5.54 (m, 1H,  $J_{1,2} = 10.3$  Hz, H-2), 4.30-4.22 (m, 3H, H-3,  $CH_2Ph$ ), 4.19 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a} = 4.9 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{6gem} = 11.2 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-6a), 4.13 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 4.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{6'\mathrm{gem}} = 10.8 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{-}6'a), \ 3.97 \ (\mathrm{m}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{-}1'), \ 3.77 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ \mathrm{H}, \ \mathrm{H}^{-}1'), \ \mathrm{H}^{-}1'$  $J_{3.4} = 7.8 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{4.5} = 11.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}$ -4), 3.67 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 6.9 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{6'\mathrm{gem}} = 11.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ 10.8 Hz, H-6'b), 3.64 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6b} = 6.9$  Hz,  $J_{6gem} = 11.2$  Hz, H-6b), 2.17 [m, 1H,  $J_{5,6a} = 4.9 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5,5a(eq)} = 5.1 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{4,5} = 11.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5,6b} = 11.2 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-5], 2.04 [m, 1H, H-5a(eq)], 2.06 (s, 3H, Ac), 1.75 [m, 1H, H-5a(ax)], 1.60 (m, 1H, H-5a'eq), 1.40 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax} = 2.7 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5',5a'ax} = 13.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a'gem} = 13.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ 13.7 Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>37</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>8</sub>: C, 72.53; H, 6.58. Found: C, 72.36; H, 6.76.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba- $\alpha$ -D-arabino-hex-2-ulopyrano-syl-(1  $\rightarrow$  3)-1,5-anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (9c): A solution of 7d (82 mg, 143  $\mu$ mol) in DMSO (2.5 mL) was treated with acetic anhydride (0.41 mL, 30 molar equiv) for 15 h at rt. After addition of methanol, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc, and the solution was washed thoroughly with water, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and evaporated.

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The residue was chromatographed on a column of silica gel (10 g, 1:10 EtOAc/toluene) to give 9d (81 mg, 99%) as a crystalline solid:  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{22}$  -64° (c 0.65, CHCl<sub>3</sub>);  $^{1}$ H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.46–7.08 (m, 15 H, 3 × Ph), 5.73 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = J_{1,5\rm a(ax)} = \sim 2.0$  Hz,  $J_{1,5\rm a(eq)} = 4.8$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 10.0$  Hz, H-1), 5.57 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3} = 2.7$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 10.0$  Hz, H-2), 5.56 and 5.47 (2 s, each 1H, 2 × CHPh), 4.79 and 3.51 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 10.0$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 3.97 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 2.0$  Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 2.7$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 7.8$  Hz, H-3), 3.80 (d, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 11.2$  Hz, H-3'), 3.70 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 7.8$  Hz,  $J_{4,5} = 10.7$  Hz, H-4), 1.87 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'eq} = J_{5',5a'eq} = 3.4$  Hz,  $J_{5a'gem} = 14.3$  Hz, H-5a'eq), 1.23 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax} = 2.4$  Hz,  $J_{5',5a'ax} = 13.4$  Hz,  $J_{5a'gem} = 14.3$  Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O<sub>7</sub>: C, 73.92; H, 6.38. Found: C, 73.72; H, 6.45.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-β-D-arabino-hex-2-ulopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  3)-1,5-anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (10c): A solution of 9c (68 mg, 120 μmol) in toluene (2.7 mL) was treated with DBU (27 μL, 1.5 molar equiv) for 3 h at 60°C. The mixture was then diluted with EtOAc, and the solution was washed with water, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and evaporated. The residue was chromatographed on a column of silica gel (20 g, 1:15 EtOAc/toluene) to give 10c (33 mg, 64%) as crystals:  $R_f$  0.6 (1:3 EtOAc/tolurne);  $[a]_D^{24}$  -15.5° (c 1.23, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ7.45-7.08 (m, 15H, 3 × Ph), 5.86 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  = 10.0 Hz, H-2), 5.69 (m, 1H,  $J_{1,3}$  =  $J_{1,5a(ax)}$  = 2.5 Hz,  $J_{1,5a(eq)}$  = 4.8 Hz,  $J_{1,2}$  = 10.0 Hz, H-1), 5.54 and 5.47 (2 s, each 1H, 2 × CHPh), 4.82 and 4.55 (ABq,  $J_{gem}$  = 12.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.45 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'eq}$  = 6.5 Hz,  $J_{1',5a'ax}$  = 12.6 Hz, H-1'), 3.78 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  = 7.8 Hz,  $J_{4,5}$  = 10.9 Hz, H-4), 1.25 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax}$  =  $J_{5',5a'ax}$  = 12.6 Hz,  $J_{5a'gem}$  = 12.9 Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O<sub>7</sub>: C, 73.92; H, 6.38. Found: C, 73.63; H, 6.56.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-p-glucopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  3)-1, 5-anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-p-arabino-hex-1-enito l (11c). A solution of compound 10c (56 mg, 98 μmol) in THF (1.0 mL) was treated with NaBH<sub>4</sub> (19 mg, 5 molar equiv) for 3 h at 0°C. After the addition of a small amount of H<sub>2</sub>O, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc and the solution was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, dried, and evaporated. The residual product was chromatographed on a column of silica gel (10 g, 1:15 EtOAc/toluene) to give 11c (36 mg, 64%) as crystals, along with 7d (16 mg, 28%):  $R_f$  0.34 (1:3 EtOAc/toluene); mp 202.5-204°C;  $[\alpha]_p^{23}$  -65° (c 1.8, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ 7.55-7.21 (m, 15 H, 3 × Ph), 5.73 (m, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = J_{1,5a(ax)} = \sim 2$  Hz,  $J_{1,5a(eq)} = 4.8$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 10$  Hz, H-1), 5.65 (s, 1H, CHPh), 5.58 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2} = 10$  Hz, H-2), 5.56 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.61 and 4.40 (ABq,  $J_{gem} = 11.2$  Hz,  $CH_2$ Ph), 4.43 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 2.4$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 8.2$  Hz, H-3), 4.17 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6'a} = 4.4$  Hz,  $J_{6'gem} = 11.2$  Hz, H-6'a), 3.88 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 8.2$  Hz,  $J_{4,5} = 10.7$  Hz, H-4), 3.69 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a} = 10.7$  Hz,  $J_{6gem} = 10.7$ 

11.4 Hz, H-6a), 1.13 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{5',5a'ax} = 13.2$  Hz,  $J_{1',5a'ax} = 13.7$  Hz,  $J_{5a'gem} = 13.9$  Hz, H-5a'ax).

2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  3)-1,5-anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (12c). Compound 11c (36 mg, 63 μmol) was acetylated in the usual manner, and the product was chromatographed on a column of silica gel (4 g, 1:10 EtOAc/toluene) to give 12c (39 mg, ~100%) as crystals: mp 172–173°C; [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>24</sup> –30° (c 1.9, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ 7.53–7.22 (m, 15 H, 3 × Ph), 5.76 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}$  = 2.4 Hz,  $J_{1,2}$  = 10.0 Hz, H-1), 5.61 and 5.60 (2 s, each 1H, 2 × CHPh), 5.55 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  = 10.0 Hz, H-2), 4.87 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1',2'}$  = 3.3 Hz,  $J_{2',3'}$  = 9.9 Hz, H-2'), 4.89 and 4.63 (ABq,  $J_{\text{gem}}$  = 11.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.08 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3',4'}$  = 9.4 Hz,  $J_{2',3'}$  = 9.9 Hz, H-3'), 3.86 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  = 7.8 Hz,  $J_{4,5}$  = 10.7 Hz, H-4), 1.83 (s, 3H, Ac), 1.78 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'\text{eq}}$  =  $J_{5',5a'\text{ax}}$  = 3.4 Hz,  $J_{5a'\text{gem}}$  = 13.8 Hz, H-5a'eq), 1.14 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'\text{ax}}$  = 3.0 Hz,  $J_{5',5a'\text{ax}}$  = 12.6 Hz,  $J_{5a'\text{gem}}$  = 13.8 Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>37</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>8</sub>: C, 72.53; H, 6.58. Found: C, 72.17; H, 6.77.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 3)$ -1, 5-anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (13c) and 3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba- $\beta$ -D-mannopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 3)$ -1,5-anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (15c). Compound 10d (17.4 mg, 30.6  $\mu$ mol) was reduced with NaBH<sub>4</sub> in the presence of cerium(III) chloride as in the preparation of 13a and 15a. The products were chromatographed on silica gel (4 g, ethyl acetate/toluene, 1:10, v/v) to give 13c (6.7 mg, 39%) and 15c (5.7 mg, 33%), along with 10c (4 mg) unchanged.

13c: mp 201–202.5°C;  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{21}$  –37° (c 0.33, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.51–7.23 (m, 15 H, 3 × Ph), 5.75 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 2.0$  Hz,  $J_{1,5a(eq)} = 4.4$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 10.3$  Hz, H-1), 5.70 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2} = 10.3$  Hz, H-2), 5.62 and 5.56 (2 s, each 1H, 2 × CHPh), 4.98 and 4.75 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 11.4$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.21 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 2.0$  Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 3.4$  Hz  $J_{3,4} = 8.1$  Hz, H-3), 4.20 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a} = 4.4$  Hz,  $J_{6\rm gem} = 11.0$  Hz, H-6a), 4.08 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 4.6$  Hz,  $J_{6'\rm gem} = 11.1$  Hz, H-6'a), 3.76 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4} = 8.1$  Hz,  $J_{4,5} = 11.0$  Hz, H-4), 3.68 (dd, 1H,  $J_{6'\rm gem} = 11.0$  Hz,  $J_{5,6b} = 11.5$  Hz, H-6b), 3.60 (dd, 1H,  $J_{6'\rm gem} = 11.1$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'b} = 11.2$  Hz, H-6'b), 2.82 (br s, 1H, OH), 2,15 (ddddd, 1H,  $J_{5,5\rm eq} = J_{5,6a} = \sim 4.5$  Hz,  $J_{4,5} = J_{5,5\rm ax} = J_{5,6b} = \sim 11$  Hz, H-5), 1.95 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,5\rm a'eq} = J_{5',5\rm a'eq} = \sim 3.5$  Hz,  $J_{5\rm a'gem} = 13.0$  Hz, H-5a'eq).

**15c**:  $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{21}$  +5.6° (c 0.36, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.52–7.27 (m, 15 H, 3 × Ph), 5.75 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = J_{1,5\text{a(ax)}} = 2.0$  Hz,  $J_{1,5\text{aeq}} = 4.5$  Hz,  $J_{1,2} = 10.2$  Hz, H-1), 5.62 and 5.60 (2 s, each 1H, 2 × CHPh), 5.57 (br s, 1H,

H-2), 4.85 and 4.73 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=12.1\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $CH_2{\rm Ph}$ ), 4.35 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1',2'}=2.4\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{2',3'}=2.6\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-2'), 4.25 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=2.0\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{2,3}=4.0\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{3,4}=7.8\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-3), 4.20 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a}=4.5\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{6\rm gem}=11.0\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-6a), 4.08 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a}=3.3\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{6'\rm gem}=11\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-6a'), 4.05 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3',4'}=J_{4',5'}=9.5\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-4'), 3.81 (m, 1H,  $J_{3,4}=7.8\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{4,5}=11.0\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-4), 3.77 (m, 1H,  $J_{1',2'}=2.4\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-1'), 3.67 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'b}=J_{6'\rm gem}=\sim11\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-6'b), 3.47 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2',3'}=2.6\,{\rm Hz}J_{3',4'}=9.5\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-3')2.51(brs,1H,OH)2.15(ddddd,1H,  $J_{5,6a}\sim5\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{5,6a}=\sim5\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{5,5a(\rm eq)}=5.1\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{4,5}=J_{5,5a(\rm ax)}=J_{5,6b}=\sim9\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-5), 2.04 [ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,5a(\rm eq)}=4.4\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{5,5a(\rm eq)}=5.1\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a\rm gem}=11.5\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-5a(eq)].

2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  3)-1,5-anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (14c). Compound 13c (6.7 mg, 12 μmol) was acetylated and purified as in the preparation of 14a to give 14c (7.0 mg, 97%) as crystals: mp 199.5–200.5°C;  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{21}$  –10° (c 0.36, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ 7.51–7.26 (m, 15 H, 3 × Ph), 5.45 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2} = 10.0$  Hz, H-1), 5.06 (t, 1H,  $J_{1',2'} = J_{2',3'} = 9.4$  Hz, H-2'), 4.89 and 4.64 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 11.7$  Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.15 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 2.2$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 8.4$  Hz, H-3), 4.04 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 4.4$  Hz,  $J_{6'\rm gem} = 11.0$  Hz, H-6'a), 3.60 (t, 1H,  $J_{5',6'b} = J_{6'\rm gem} = 11.0$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.52 (t, 1H,  $J_{2',3'} = J_{3',4'} = 9.4$  Hz, H-3'), 2.00 (s, 3H, Ac), 1.16 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'\rm eq} = 11.4$  Hz,  $J_{1',5a'\rm ax} = 12.7$  Hz,  $J_{5a'\rm gem} = 12.8$  Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>37</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>8</sub>: C, 72.53; H, 6.58. Found: C, 72.46; H, 6.76.

2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-β-D-mannopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  3)-1,5-anhydro-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabinohex-1-enitol (16c). Compound 15c (6.2 mg, 11 μmol) was acetylated and purified as in the preparation of 14a to give 16c (6.5 mg, 97%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_D^{20}$  -31° (c 0.31, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ 4.29 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 2.0$  Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 3.7$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 7.6$  Hz, H-3), 4.21 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a} = 4.6$  Hz,  $J_{6gem} = 11.1$  Hz, H-6a), 3.98 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',2'} = 2.8$  Hz,  $J_{1',5a'eq} = 4.2$  Hz,  $J_{1',5a'eq} = 11.2$  Hz, H-1'), 3.92 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3',4'} = J_{4',5'} = 9.8$  Hz, H-4'), 3.80 (dd, 1H;  $J_{3,4} = 7.8$  Hz,  $J_{4,5} = 11.0$  Hz, H-4), 3.51 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2',3'} = 2.8$  Hz,  $J_{3',4'} = 9.8$  Hz, H-3'), 1.52 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ex} = 11.2$  Hz,  $J_{5',5a'ex} = J_{5a'gem} = 12.0$  Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>37</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>8</sub>: C, 72.53; H, 6.58. Found: C, 72.50; H, 6.66.

1,5-Anhydro-3,6-di-*O*-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-*arabino*-hex-1-enitol (5) and 1,5-anhydro-3,4-di-*O*-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-*arabino*-hex-1-enitol (6). To a solution of 3-*O*-benzyl-4,6-*O*-benzylidene-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-*arabino*-hex-1-enitol<sup>[11]</sup> (4, 1.39 g, 4.31 mmol) in THF (56 mL) were added in turn molecular sieves 4A (3.25 g), a trace of methyl orange, and sodium cyanoborohydride (3.25 g, 12 molar equiv), and the mixture was stirred for 30 min at 25°C. Diethyl ether solution saturated with hydrogen chloride was added to it

until the color turned pink. After stirring continued for 3 h and subsequent treatment with Dowex-50 W×2 (H<sup>+</sup>) resin, the mixture was filtered through a bed of Celite. The filtrate was diluted with chloroform (300 mL), and the solution was washed with saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate and water, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and evaporated. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel (200 g, 1:10 ethyl acetate/hexane, v/v) to give 5 (878 mg, 63%) as crystals and 6 (47 mg, 3%) as a syrup. For further characterization compounds 5 and 6 were converted into the respective acetyl derivatives.

5: m.p. 45–48.5°C;  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{19}$  –42° (c 1.6, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.40–7.25 (m, 10 H, 2 × Ph), 4.74 and 4.68 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 11.7 Hz) and 4.56 and 4.52 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 12.3 Hz) (2 × C $H_2$ Ph), 4.02 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}$  = 2.0 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  = 7.6 Hz, H-3), 3.77 (m, 1H, H-4), 3.65 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a}$  = 5.5 Hz,  $J_{6\rm gem}$  = 9.2 Hz, H-6a), 3.61 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6b}$  = 5.0 Hz,  $J_{6\rm gem}$  = 9.2 Hz, H-6b), 3.22 (br s, 1H, OH); the 4-O-acetyl derivative: crystals: m.p. 49–50°C;  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{24}$  –37° (c 0.80, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.35–7.23 (m, 10 H, 2 × Ph), 5.79 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}$  = 2.3 Hz,  $J_{1,2}$  = 10.0 Hz, H-1), 5.67 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2,3}$  = 5.0 Hz,  $J_{1,2}$  = 10.0 Hz, H-2), 5.19 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4}$  = 7.3 Hz,  $J_{4,5}$  = 10.5 Hz, H-4), 4.62 and 4.53 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 11.7 Hz), and 4.47–4.40 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}$  = 12.0 Hz) (2 × C $H_2$ Ph), 4.13–4.09 (br ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}$  = 2.3 Hz,  $J_{2,3}$  = 5.0 Hz,  $J_{3,4}$  = 7.3 Hz, H-3), 3.48 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a}$  = 4.6 Hz,  $J_{6\rm gem}$  = 9.2 Hz, H-6a), 3.38 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6b}$  = 6.3 Hz,  $J_{6\rm gem}$  = 9.2 Hz, H-6b). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>4</sub>: C, 75.38; H, 7.15. Found: C, 75.39; H, 7.21.

**6**:  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{19}$   $-21^{\circ}$  ( $c=1.0, {\rm CHCl_3}$ );  $^{1}{\rm H}$  NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.39-7.24 (m, 10 H, 2 × Ph), 4.98 and 4.74 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.2\,{\rm Hz}$ ), and 4.72 and 4.64 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.5\,{\rm Hz}$ ) (2 × C $H_{\rm 2}$ Ph), 4.23 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=1.5\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{2,3}=3.2\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{3,4}=7.1\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-3), 2.62 (br s, 1H, OH); the 6-O-acetyl derivative:  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{19}+3.3^{\circ}$  ( $c=1.0, {\rm CHCl_3}$ );  $^{1}{\rm H}$  NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.39-7.25 (m, 10H, 2 × Ph), 4.71 and 4.66 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.6\,{\rm Hz}$ ), and 4.91 and 4.63 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.0\,{\rm Hz}$ ) (2 × C $H_{\rm 2}$ Ph), 3.62 (dd, 1H,  $J_{3,4}=7.3\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{4,5}=10.3\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-4). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>4</sub>: C, 75.38; H, 7.15. Found: C, 75.28; H, 7.28.

3-*O*-Benzyl-4,6-*O*-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4)-1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-*O*-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-*arabino*-hex-1-enitol (7d). Coupling of 5 (55.3 mg, 170 μmol) and 1 (86.5 mg, 1.5 molar equiv) was carried out as in the preparation of 7a. The product was purified by chromatography (silica gel: 27 g, 1:9 ethyl acetate/hexane, v/v) to give 7d [19.7 mg (17%), 69% based on 4 consumed] as a syrup, along with 4 (40 mg) unchanged:  $[\alpha]_D^{24}$  –22° (c 1.1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (*inter alia*): δ 7.47–7.18 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 5.58 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1,2}$  = 10.2 Hz, H-2), 5.54 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.70 and 4.46 (ABq,  $J_{gem}$  = 12.0 Hz), 4.55 and 4.46 (ABq,  $J_{gem}$  = 11.5 Hz), and 4.46 and 4.37 (ABq,  $J_{gem}$  = 12.2 Hz) (3 × C $H_2$ Ph), 4.13 (dd, 1H,

$$\begin{split} J_{1',2'} &= 2.7\,\mathrm{Hz}, J_{2',3'} = 2.9\,\mathrm{Hz},\,\mathrm{H}\text{-}2'),\,4.05\;\mathrm{(m,\,1H,\,}J_{1',2'} = 2.7\,\mathrm{Hz},\,\mathrm{H}\text{-}1'),\,3.76\;\mathrm{(dd,\,}1H,\,}J_{2',3'} &= 2.9\,\mathrm{Hz},\,\,J_{3',4'} = 9.6\,\mathrm{Hz},\,\,\mathrm{H}\text{-}3'),\,\,3.41\;\,\mathrm{(dd,\,}1H,\,}J_{5,6a} = 3.2\,\mathrm{Hz},\\ J_{6\mathrm{gem}} &= 9.0\,\mathrm{Hz},\,\mathrm{H}\text{-}6a),\,2.35\;\mathrm{(br\,\,s,\,1H,\,OH)}. \end{split}$$

2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-D-mannopyrano $syl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-1,5$ -anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabinohex-1-enitol (8d). Compound 7d (19 mg, 29 μmol) was acetylated as in the preparation of 8a to give, after chromatography (silica gel: 2g, 1:5 ethyl acetate/hexane, v/v), 8d (21 mg, 99%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_{D}^{24} - 32^{\circ}$  (c 1.05, CHCl<sub>3</sub>);  $^1H$  NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.47–7.18 (m, 20H, 4  $\times$  Ph), 5.69 (m, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = J_{1,5 \mathrm{a(ax)}} = \sim 2.3 \, \mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{1,5 \mathrm{a(eq)}} = 4.5 \, \mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{1,2} = 10.5 \, \mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H-1}), \ 5.57 \, \mathrm{Hz}$ (br dd, 1H,  $J = \sim 3$  Hz, H-2'), 5.55 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.62–4.47 (m, 4 H), and 4.44 and 4.36 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=12.2\,{\rm Hz}$ ) (3  $\times$  C $H_2$ Ph), 4.01 (br q, 1H,  $J=\sim3\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-1'), 3.95 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5'.6'a} = 4.5 \,\text{Hz}$ ,  $J_{6'\text{gem}} = 10.5 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-6'a), 3.87 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2',3'} = 3.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{3',4'} = 9.8 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{-}3'), \ 3.81 \ (\mathrm{dd}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ J_{4',5'} = 9.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{3',4'} = 9.8 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ 9.8 Hz, H-4'), 3.63 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5'.6'b} = 6.9$  Hz,  $J_{6'gem} = 10.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.58 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a} = 2.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{6\mathrm{gem}} = 9.7 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ , H-6a), 3.36 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6b} = 2.9 \,\mathrm{Hz}$ ,  $J_{6\text{gem}} = 9.7 \,\text{Hz}, \text{ H-6b}, \text{ 1.88 (m, 1H, H-5)}, \text{ 1.54 (ddd, 1H, } J_{1',5\text{a'eq}} = J_{5',5\text{a'eq}} = J_{$  $1.0\,\mathrm{Hz},\,J_{5\mathrm{a'gem}}=13.5\,\mathrm{Hz},\,\mathrm{H}\text{-}5\mathrm{a'eq}),\,1.16\,\,\mathrm{(ddd,\,1H,}\,J_{1',5\mathrm{a'ax}}=2.7\,\mathrm{Hz},\,J_{5',5\mathrm{a'ax}}=$  $J_{5a'gem} = 13.5 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \; \mathrm{H}\text{-}5a'ax$ ). Anal. Calcd for  $\mathrm{C}_{44}\mathrm{H}_{48}\mathrm{O}_8$ : C, 74.98; H, 6.86. Found: C, 75.09; H, 6.96.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-α-D-arabino-hex-2-ulopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4)-1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (9d). Compound 7d (20.7 mg, 31.2 μmol) was treated with acetic anhydride (89 μL, 30 molar equiv) in DMSO (0.60 mL) as in the preparation of 9a to give, after chromatography (silica gel: 4 g, 1:15 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v), 9d (18.7 mg, 91%) as a syrup:  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{27}$  -51° (c 0.80, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia): δ 7.55-7.21 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 5.56 (s, 1H, CHPh), 5.49 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1,2} = 10.0$  Hz, H-2), 4.84 and 4.51 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 10.3$  Hz), 4.64 and 4.42 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 12.3$  Hz), and 4.54-4.40 (m, 2 H) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.21 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax} = 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{1',5a'eq} = 3.2$  Hz, H-1'), 4.06 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1,3} = 2.0$  Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 2.2$  Hz,  $J_{3,4} = 7.1$  Hz, H-3), 3.43 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a} = 3.2$  Hz,  $J_{6gem} = 10.9$  Hz, H-6a), 1.80 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'eq} = 3.2$  Hz,  $J_{5',5a'eq} = 3.4$  Hz,  $J_{5a'gem} = 14.3$  Hz, H-5a'eq), 1.11 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax} = 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',5a'ax} = 11.7$  Hz,  $J_{5a'gem} = 14.3$  Hz, H-5a'ax). Anal. Calcd for C<sub>42</sub>H<sub>44</sub>O<sub>7</sub>: C, 76.34; H, 6.71. Found: C, 76.28; H, 6.91.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba- $\beta$ -D-arabino-hex-2-ulopyrano-syl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4)-1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (10d). Compound 9c (15.7 mg, 23.8  $\mu$ mol) was treated with DBU (5.3  $\mu$ L, 1.5 molar equiv) in toluene (0.60 mL) for 6 h at 65°C as in the preparation of 10a. After the usual processing, the products were chromatographed on silica

gel (3 g, 1:30 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v) to give  $\bf 9d$  (5.7 mg, 36%) and  $\bf 10d$  (7.3 mg, 47%) as crystals: mp 138–139°C;  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{25}$  –29° (c 0.37, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.51–7.20 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 5.77 (m, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=J_{1,5a(ax)}=\sim$ 2 Hz,  $J_{1,5a(eq)}=4.2$  Hz,  $J_{1,2}=9.5$  Hz, H-1), 5.69 (br dd, 1H,  $J_{1,3}=1.9$  Hz,  $J_{1,2}=10.1$  Hz, H-2), 5.48 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.80 and 4.53 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=12.2$  Hz), and 4.70 and 4.43 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.4$  Hz) (2 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.14 (br d, 1H,  $J_{3,4}=7.6$  Hz, H-3), 3.73 (dd, 1H,  $J_{5,6a}=2.7$  Hz,  $J_{6\rm gem}=9.2$  Hz, H-6a), 1.08 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'ax}=12.6$  Hz,  $J_{5',5a'ax}=J_{5a'\rm gem}=12.7$  Hz, H-5a'ax).

2-O-Acetyl-3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba- $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex -1-enitol (12d). A solution of 10d (22 mg, 33  $\mu$ mol) in THF (1.0 mL) was treated with NaBH<sub>4</sub> (3.7 mg, 3 molar equiv) for 3 h at 0°C. After the reaction was quenched by addition of water, the mixture was evaporated to dryness, and the residual product was acetylated in the usual manner. The product was chromatographed by a preparative TLC (1:3 EtOAc/toluene irrigated three times) to give 12d (12 mg, 53%) and 8d (7 mg, 31%):  $[\alpha]_{D}^{21}$  -5° (c 0.6, CHCl<sub>2</sub>): <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.54–7.26 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 5.66 (br d, 1H,  $J_{1.2} = 10.0 \,\text{Hz}$ , H-2), 5.59 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.89 (dd, 1H,  $J_{1',2'} = 3.6 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{2',3'} = 9.8 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{-}2'), \ 4.53 \ (\mathrm{m}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{-}1'), \ 4.93 \ \mathrm{and} \ 4.67 \ (\mathrm{ABq}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{-}2'), \ 4.53 \ \mathrm{m}$  $J_{\rm gem} = 11.7 \, {\rm Hz}$ ), 4.61 and 4.47 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 11.5 \, {\rm Hz}$ ), and 4.58 and 4.45 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem} = 12.2\,{\rm Hz})~(3 \times {\rm C}H_2{\rm Ph}),~2.09~({
m dddd},~1{
m H},~J_{5,6{
m b}} = 3.6\,{
m Hz},~J_{5,6{
m a}} = 3.7\,{
m Hz},$  $J_{5,5a(eq)} = 4.6 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{4,5} = 9.0 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H}\text{--}5), \ 2.02 \ (\mathrm{s}, \ 3\mathrm{H}, \ \mathrm{Ac}), \ 1.83 \ (\mathrm{ddd}, \ 1\mathrm{H}, \ \mathrm{Ac})$  $J_{1',5a'ax} = 1.6 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{5',5a'ax} = 12.9 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ J_{5a'gem} = 14.4 \,\mathrm{Hz}, \ \mathrm{H-5a'ax}).$  Anal. Calcd for C<sub>44</sub>H<sub>48</sub>O<sub>8</sub>: C, 74.98; H, 6.86. Found: C, 74.82; H, 7.01.

3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-β-D-glucopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4)-1, 5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (13d) and 3-O-Benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-5a-carba-β-D-mannopyranosyl-(1  $\rightarrow$  4)-1,5-anhydro-3,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-5a-carba-D-arabino-hex-1-enitol (15d). Compound 10d (10.0 mg, 15 μmol) was treated with NaBH<sub>4</sub> in the presence of cerium(III) chloride in methanol as in the preparation of 13a and 15a. The products were chromatographed on silica gel (2 g, 1:25 ethyl acetate/toluene, v/v) to give 13d (4.5 mg, 47%) and 15d (3.6 mg, 38%) as crystals.

13d: mp 140–142°C;  $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{27}$  –51° (c 0.23, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (inter alia):  $\delta$  7.50–7.24 (m, 20H, 4 × Ph), 5.50 (s, 1H, CHPh), 4.92 and 4.80 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.5\,{\rm Hz}$ ), 4.75 and 4.45 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=11.5\,{\rm Hz}$ ), and 4.62 and 4.49 (ABq,  $J_{\rm gem}=12.2\,{\rm Hz}$ ) (3 × CH<sub>2</sub>Ph), 4.16 (br s, 1H, OH), 3.73 (ddd, 1H,  $J_{1',5a'{\rm eq}}=4.6\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{1',2'}=8.8\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{1',5a'{\rm ax}}=11.2\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-1'), 2.33 [dd, 1H,  $J_{5a{\rm gem}}=11.2\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{5,5a({\rm eq})}=11.4\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-5a(ax)], 2.11 [dd, 1H,  $J_{5,5a({\rm eq})}=4.0\,{\rm Hz}$ ,  $J_{5a{\rm gem}}=11.2\,{\rm Hz}$ , H-5a(eq)], 1.96 (m, 1H, H-5), 1.71 (ddd, 1H,